THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Repblican National Platform.

Vol. XIV. No. 50. *Antioch, Illinois, Thursday, August 15, 1901.* J. J. BURKE, Editor and Prop. ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

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Chicago Telephone Office.

FIRE AT LIBERTYVILLE.

Telephone Central a Mass of Ruins---Local Fire Department Did Good Work.

Libertyville has again been visited by the fire fiend and as a result is minus its telephone service and one of the village's best business blocks is damaged to some extent.

The blaze occured in the Dr. F. C. Knight block, the north half of which is occupied by F. B. Lovell's pharmacy.

In the rear of the drug store is situated the village telephone exchange. It was in this room that the fire originated—from what cause remains as yet a mystery.

The flat above the drug store is occupied by George Davidson and family, and Mrs. Davidson discovered the fire about twelve o'clock last night. She gave the alarm and the local fire department aided by a hundred or more villagers soon began the fight against the fire. The fire department did estimable service and was successful in confining the blaze to the room in which it originated.

The telephone central was ruined, this constituting the chief damage beyond the damage to the building.—Waukegan Gazette, August 12.

FIRST LACE AT ZION.

First Bolt of Finished Lace Turned Out on Monday—To be Used by Mrs. Dowie.

The first bolt of lace completed in the Zion lace works was placed in John Alex. Dowie's hands, Monday, and will be used in a dress for Mrs. Dowie. There are about fouteen yards in the piece which is of excellent pattern, designed at the city. Two of the lace making machines are in operation and running excellently. The lace referred to is the first to be turned out from the factory save the small handkerchiefs which have been in stock some days. The process for making laces is intricate and interesting. To one uninated the machines are a mass of complicated machinery, but so finely are they adjusted that the breaking of a single thread, and about 110 in size is used, will stop the machine.

Work in Zion City has begun in good earnest. Burton J. Ashley, the chief engineer of the Dowie enterprise, has just completed plans for a big bleachery in connection with the lace manufacturing plant which is to be constructed. The building will be a one story structure with 600x60 feet ground dimensions, for the most part for brick. It is to be completed by next fall.

A FREAK OF LIGHTNING.

Burns an Apparently Sound Tree to the Ground in Hebron.

John J. Stewart was much surprised last Friday morninig at seeing smoke issuing out of the sides of a large live oak tree behind his barn in Hebron township. Evidently the tree had been struck by lightning early in the morning, the bolt having passed through the heart of the tree down to the ground, setting fire as it passed. When seen the smoke and flames were issuing from cracks on both sides of the trunk, while the bright green leaves were rustling merrily above, unconscious of their approaching destruction. The tree stood until about 9 o'clock, when it fell, there being nothing left but the outside layer of green bark and wood. An insurance agent who has seen many of the strange freaks of lightning, said that this was certainly the most peculiar phenomenon that he had ever witnessed.

LIVES WITH PART OF SKULL.

Peculiar Surgical Operation at St. Louis proves Successful.

Thomas Keegan 48 years old, of 1037 South Second street, St. Louis, Mo., lives, is conscious and may recover though a section of his skull equal to one-fourth of the surface has been removed. As far as the mechanical part of the operation is concerned it proved a success. It was performed a week ago, but no publicity was given the case because it was thought be a a forlorn hope and that Keegan would probably die.

Dr. H. L. Nictert, who performed the operation, said that the chances of recovery were one in 100. Keegan was injured in a fall. The right side of his skull above the ear was badly fractured. Dr. Nictert laid bare the skull, removed the broken particles of bone, drew the skin over the brain and then bandaged the wound.

Fresh dressings have been applied daily and nature has done the rest.—Ex.

$13.00 to Buffalo Pan-American and return, $13.00.

Tickets on sale daily via the Nickel Plate Road, good returning ten days from date of sale. Especially low rates for 15 and 30 day limit, Chicago to Buffalo and return. Tickets at lowest rates to all points east. John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 'Phone Central 2057. Chicago City Ticket Office 111 Adams St.

Base Ball Notes.

The Antioch and Channel Lake baseball teams played ball Sunday. The first part of the game Antioch led by a few runs, then Channel Lake rallied and at the last half of the 9th inning Channel Lake was ahead one tally and Antioch at bat; two runs and one out in the last half, but Antioch refused to let anyone see the score card, but after taking it aside and fixing it up to suit themselves they finally surrendered it to the Channel Lake team for inspection, which was 17 to 16. The score being as follows:

Antioch	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
D Warner	0		0	0	1		0		
J Warren	1		0		0		0		
F Truax	1		0		0		0		
E Guiedge	1			1	1	1		0	
B VanPatten	0			0	1	1		0	
A Vickers	0			1	1	0		0	
W VanPatten		0		0	1	1			1
F Porter		0		1	1	0			1
C Madden		0			1	0			1
		3			3	7	2		2

Channel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Kelley	0		1		1	0	1		1
Runyard	0		0		0	1			1
G Shotliff	0				0	1	0		1
D Shotliff		0	0		1	1	0		0
Madden		1	0		1	1	0		1
Dowell		1		0				0	
Hanson				0	0			1	0
Gorman		0			0	0		0	
Pratt		0		0		1	0		0
		2	1		4	4	1	1	3

Yacht Races at Fox Lake.

The yacht races of the Fox Lake fleet were sailed Saturday afternoon in a light breeze, the course being twice around the triangular of three miles. Three boats entered the mosquito fleet race: the Dewey, sailed by Capt. Joun Williamson; Lady Skipper, sailed by Miss Ethel Gardner; and Lady Babbie, sailed by Miss Marion Tooker. The boats got away in good shape and finished the course in the order and time given:

Lady Slipper	1:15:55
Dewey	1:12:06
Lady Babbie	1:14:20

In the 22 foot class race four boats finished the course, the Adois leading by a few lengths until within a few rods of the home buoy when her centre board grounded thus losing the race. The boats and time being as follows:

Carpet Slipper	1:11:40
Marguerite	1:17:21
Foxy Q	1:15:00
Adois	1:12:00

The Mosquito fleet race of Saturday closed the competition for the cup for this season, Master John Williamson being the winner. The second prize, a flag, was won by Mrs. J. K. Dering's Lady Babbie.

Eat All You Can, Mother.

An old man whose hair and beard were cut in a chaste, rural design appeared in one of the table d'hotel restaurants the other day. He had his wife with him. That was more than the old lady could say of her hearing. She was almost stone deaf which gave everybody a chance to find out what splendid lungs her husband had.

The meal was luncheon. The price that the old man was asked after he had ordered two meals was 75 cents.

"Seventy-five cents!" he exclaimed, "You don't mean apiece?"

"Yes, sir."

"Gracious!"

He thought it over a minute or two. Then he looked at his wife as if considering whether he should try to get the dreadful news past the old lady's tympanum. Evidently he gave it up. But he did what he could. When the first course came on, he leaned over and shouted in her ear:

"Eat all you can, mother! I'll tell you why after awhile!"—New York Sun.

Tom Johnson's Political Plans.

Thus, through a comprehensive plan for three cent street car fare, the increase of tax burdens upon valuable urban land, and the enforcement of the steam railroads to make larger returns to the public treasury for the use of their public privileges, Tom L. Johnson is arousing an attention and gathering a following that bids fair not only to bring substantial social reforms in the city of Cleveland and the State of Ohio before long, but to start a political revolution on anti-monopoly lines in that pivotal state of the Union at a time when the march of concentration is on the one side, and the development of a great labor movement on the other, are bringing to a crisis the general conflict between the House of Want and the House of Have.— Henry George, Jr. in "The National Magazine" for August.

Old Settler's Reunion.

Rev. Father Francis P. Riley, of Whitewater, one of Wisconsin's notable orators, will deliver the annual address before the Old Settlers of Kenosha County on the occasion of their twenty-third annual reunion and picnic to be held at Paddock's Lake on Thursday, August 29.

Eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and sores of all kinds quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Certain cure for piles Beware of counterfeits. Be sure you get the original—DeWitt's. W. T. Hill.

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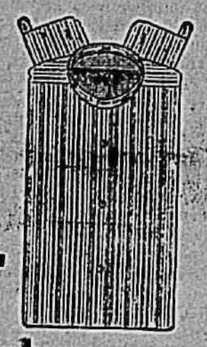
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Don't forget that you can get any kind of a
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AT....
WEBB BROTHERS.



SPECIAL SALES

Saturday, August 17th

White Lead, per pound	5 cents
Linseed Oil, per gallon	70 cents
Hard Oil, per gallon	$1.35

Monday, August 19th

Iron Beds, each	$2.50
Cane Seat Dining Chairs, each	.85
Cane Seat Sewing Rockers	1.25
Cane Seat Arm Rockers	1.75

Tuesday, August 20th

New Royal Sewing Machine	$13.50
Mabel Drop-head Machine	18.50
Wheeler & Wilson Machine	32.00

Wednesday, August 21

16x20 Picture Frames, complete with glass	$1.00
Fine line of Trunks, as low as	1.50
Brass Extension Curtain Rods	.10

Thursday, August 22nd

Woven Wire Springs—fine	$1.35
Chair Seats—all sizes	.10
Combination Book Case and Writing Desk	10.00

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That rapidly developing territory which occupies the northern half of Wisconsin is not new enough to cause the hardships and vicissitudes of frontier life, and old enough to keep away the intending settler on account of exherbitant land prices. It is in that stage of partial development which gives great opportunity to bring it to the highest point of perfection and prosperity. Schools good roads and other improvements are going in. All that is needed is a small capital. Brawn and brain, supplimented by push and energy, will do the rest. The iron ore, marl, kaolin and clay beds the timber and the rich soil, give equal opportunity to the settler and the manufacturer. Land is cheap and can be purchased on easy terms.

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The Antioch News.

J. J BURKE, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, - - ILLINOIS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The steamship Idzumi Maru brings news from Hong Kong of the drowning of thousands of Chinese in Kwang Si Province by a sudden rise of several rivers. The principal places affected are Wu Chau, Takhing, Shiuing and Samshui.

Emperor William has presented to Abdul El-Aziz, Sultan of Morocco, for the new zoological garden at Fez, a number of tropical animals purchased from a German dealer. The gift is in recognition of a similar courtesy extended by the Sultan.

The first Legislature of Hawaii has completed its labors and adjourned. Despite the protests of the Chinese consul, $53,000, representing money in bank to the credit of the immigration bureau that has accrued from deposits of Chinese to insure their return to China, has been turned into the territorial treasury.

Speaking of the accusation that he decided the Minnie Healy mine case in Montana in favor of Augustus Heinze because of the hold upon him of Mrs. Ada Brackett, Judge E. H. Harney said that he was offered a bribe of $250,000 by the opposition to Heinze and was threatened with ruin if he did not grant a new trial. He says he decided the case strictly on its merits.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National League:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Pittsburg	53	34	Boston	43	46
Philadelphia	54	37	New York	37	47
St. Louis	53	39	Cincinnati	37	54
Brooklyn	48	44	Chicago	37	61

Standings in the American League are as follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Chicago	59	35	Philadelphia	45	46
Boston	53	39	Cleveland	38	52
Baltimore	53	42	Washington	36	50
Detroit	48	39	Milwaukee	36	60

BREVITIES.

Mumps on the battleship Alabama disabled the crew.

China is to erect a palatial home for its Washington legation.

Explosions on a yacht at McKeesport, Pa., injured eighteen persons, two fatally.

A boiler in the basement of a hotel at Long Beach, L. I., exploded and wrecked the building.

Mrs. Carrie Nation smashed a liquor bottle in a smoking car on a train near Columbus, Ohio.

Steel officials think the action of Western mill workers in refusing to strike settles the contest.

Mrs. Rebecca McDonald of Binghamton, N. Y., will sue for city property valued at $100,000,000.

"Coin" Harvey declares Bryan was defeated because his campaign was mismanaged by Jones.

The Seri Indians are declared by Prof. McGee to be the wildest tribe of American aborigines in existence.

A bar of gold bullion valued at $20,000 disappeared while on the way from Unalaska to San Francisco.

In two days the two new national banks at Lawton, Okla., received deposits aggregating more than $500,000.

Consul General Bellows at Yokohama declares Japan is suffering from a general stagnation of manufacturing and trade.

Anarchists of Paterson, N. J., foiled a scheme of the Italian government to get them in its power. Five spies were captured.

Former Senator Chandler, in an article written for a New York paper, says the Republican party must suppress trusts.

President McKinley is asked to remove the assistant postmaster of Jersey City because he levied political assessments.

Buenos Ayres was placed under martial law as a result of a revolt caused by opposition to the government "unification" bill.

Eight families in a craft of their own make started for Alabama by way of the Chicago Drainage Canal to begin colony on Fish River.

The government is said to have been defrauded out of millions by collusion between New York custom-house officials and silk importers.

Michael Davitt in a speech at Chicago pleaded the cause of Ireland. Emigration, he said, is the greatest economic drain on the island.

Shortage of the wheat crop in France is expected to result in a large increase in American exports, with a consequent advance in price of the grain.

Religious services for Empress Frederick were held at the Church of Cronberg, Sunday, King Edward and Emperor William being among the mourners.

The State Dairy Commissioner of Colorado has offered to sacrifice his life if necessary to prove or disprove the correctness of Dr. Koch's theory about animal tuberculosis.

John Winters, who robbed the Selby smelter in California, stole in order to get money to build an air ship. He will receive a reward for returning the gold and may escape punishment.

United States trade with Germany shows marvelous growth since 1870. Imports increased from $27,000,000 to $190,000,000, and the exports jumped from $42,000,000 to $191,00,000.

The French wheat crop is estimated at 305,000,000 bushels, and the import requirements at only 25,000,000 to 40,000,000 bushels.

The steamer Halifax, with 236 passengers aboard, was beached on George's Island, in Boston Harbor, to prevent its sinking. Three tugs and two lighters helped remove passengers.

Prof. Wiley, chemist for the Department of Agriculture, declares spices are greatly adulterated.

Gov. Taft says Congress must grant tariff reform, pass land laws, and provide for banks in the Philippines.

EASTERN.

Lawyer Robert F. Limes committed suicide by shooting at Boston.

The Chilian training ship Baquedano is to make a visit to the port of New York.

Dr. Richard S. Law, mine promoter and former millionaire but now penniless, is in jail at New York.

A storm at Portsmouth, N. H., severely damaged the navy yard. Two persons were killed and many injured.

Benjamin Pugh, the negro who murdered John Tiegen, a waiter in a restaurant in Brooklyn, Aug. 23 last, was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison.

The Central Labor Union of Easton, Pa., adopted a resolution denouncing Andrew Carnegie and protesting against the school board of Easton accepting $50,000 for a public library.

The finding of the body of Mrs. Seth Davis, aged 49, with her skull crushed in, near Pottsville, Pa., is regarded as indicating that her husband, who hanged himself, had murdered her.

Emery W. Riggin, son of E. B. Riggin, ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives of Delaware, was fatally burned in a fire that destroyed Riggin & Sons' carriage factory at Laurel, Del.

During the temporary absence from home of their parents, the children of H. F. Hanly of Tuckerton, N. J., secured a revolver, and Ethel, aged 9, shot and killed her brother, Elmer, aged 5 years.

William F. Coston, the manufacturer of the Coston marine night signals, was seriously injured in an explosion which occurred at his works on Staten Island. One building was destroyed. The money loss was small.

The Pittsburg Coal Company, otherwise the bituminous coal combine, has secured a controlling interest in the soft coal business of the Northwest by acquiring the Pioneer Fuel Company and the Youghiogheny and Lehigh Coal Company.

Leonard G. Seling's jewelry store at Allentown, Pa., was robbed of between $4,000 and $5,000. Two young men who are missing are suspected of having committed the robbery. One of them was an apprentice in the store and carried a key to the door and the combination of the safe.

WESTERN.

A jealous woman at Denver attempted to kill two persons accused of wronging her.

Work on the Chicago postoffice will be rushed in order to have it completed in 1903.

The Missouri and Kansas Zinc Miners' Association will ship 1,000 tons of ore to Antwerp.

A contest has been filed on behalf of Miss Beals against the entry of J. R. Woods for Lawton land.

Fire destroyed the Oregon livery stables and several adjoining buildings at Portland, Ore. Fifty horses perished.

Dr. Jay G. Eldridge has resigned from the Yale faculty to accept the chair of modern languages at the University of Idaho.

Fourteen horses were burned to death in a fire in the livery stable of Harry Gordon in Chicago. Gordon's loss will reach $2,500.

Glen Gardner, aged 17, of McPherson, Kan., has confessed that he beat his friend, George Smalley, to death with a club to secure $7.50.

An infant child of Edward Wensel of Sugar Lake, Minn., while playing about a buggy was caught and choked to death in the spokes of a wheel.

Prof. Triggs of Chicago University told his class in English literature that Longfellow's poetry was trivial and unworthy of consideration.

An explosion at the National Steel Company's plant at Mingo Junction, Ohio, killed Thomas Overman of Bridgeport and injured six other workmen.

Cloudbursts and heavy rains in various parts of Utah caused the loss of two lives and resulted in considerable damage to railroad and other property.

Iowa Republicans nominated A. B. Cummins of Des Moines for Governor on the first ballot. On test vote his faction proved its control over the convention.

An old notroglycerin wagon used as fuel at a Lima, Ohio, carriage factory, exploded, wrecking a portion of the building and seriously injuring several employes.

James Eversole and his horse were engulfed in quicksand near Tempe, Ariz., and were swallowed up. Many people saw the dreadful sight, but were powerless to help him.

James Coyne of New York was found dying in a box car at Lima, Ohio, from a stab wound. He made the ante-mortem statement that a negro assaulted him and took his valuables.

The Battle Island Assembly opened near Victory, Wis., on the historical battle ground where the last battle of the Black Hawk war was fought. This is the fourth annual celebration.

Fire shortly after midnight gutted the wholesale and retail grocery and meat store of Tiedtke Brothers, Toledo, Ohio. The loss on stock amounts to about $70,000, with insurance of $50,000.

Thieves tunneled under the walls of the Selby smelting works at Vallejo, Cal., secured $280,000 worth of gold in bars and escaped in a boat, leaving $50,000 in bars on the beach and $110,000 in dust in the vault.

Dr. Charles Hampden Field committed suicide at Alameda, Cal., by inhaling illuminating gas. He was formerly a surgeon in the United States army at Fort Wayne, and at one time surgeon of the Union Pacific Railroad.

Passenger train No. 35 on the Dayton and Union Railroad ran into an open switch in the yards at Union City, Ind., and collided with train No. 18. A traveling man named Hackett of New York was dangerously injured.

Officials of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen having headquarters in Cleveland believe there is little probability of railway employes becoming involved in the steel strike.

A young man, well dressed, name unknown, entered a hardware store in Indianapolis, bought a revolver and box of cartridges, and, in the presence of the clerk, who tried to prevent him, fatally shot himself in the mouth.

William Gore of Young America, Ind., abused his wife after she had fallen off a house roof upon an inverted harrow and the people of the neighborhood wore out four whips upon his bare back. He will leave town as soon as able.

Laborers excavating for a new race track, south of Seattle, found an iron box containing the remains of a girl. She was apparently about 15 years of age. The skull had been crushed, and that a murder was committed seems certain.

A mortgage for $85,000,000 given by the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company in favor of the Morton Trust Company of New York City was recorded at Van Buren, Ark. War revenue stamps in the sum of $43,000 were attached.

James Craig, a well-known attorney, formerly a millionaire who liberally patronized the stage, was fatally injured by falling from the second-story window of his home in St. Louis. Both arms were broken and his head was badly bruised.

Judge William Cecil Price, treasurer of the United States under President Buchanan and a prominent Confederate leader during the days of the rebellion, died, almost forgotten, at the residence of his son-in-law, William C. Newberry, in Chicago.

Corwin H. Spencer, a prominent member of the St. Louis Board of Trade, has already cleaned up $250,000 on the big bulge in corn. He has cornered 1,000,000 bushels of the grain, which he expects to sell in September at the handsome profit of $400,000.

At Fort Scott, Kan., a mass meeting, attended by 2,500 persons, adopted bitter resolutions demanding that the Rev. Mr. Frazer, a member of the State Temperance Union, and others who are insisting upon the enforcement of the prohibitory law in Fort Scott, leave the city.

The spreading of rails three miles east of Nappanee, Ind., on the Baltimore and Ohio, caused the flyer to the east to be derailed. Six cars left the tracks while the train was going at the speed of sixty miles an hour, but the eighty passengers escaped with only a bad shaking.

Winona, Minn., experienced the worst fire in several years the other day, when several manufacturing plants near the St. Paul depot were burned. The losers are the Wood Rim Company, Doud Sons Company, coopers; the Winona Fence Company and David Walworth, dwelling.

George E. Gibb, chief clerk for the general manager of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at Denver, Colo., killed himself in the office of the company by shooting himself through the head. It is supposed that ill health, from which he had been suffering for several months, had affected his mind.

Mrs. Mary Newberry of Dubuque, widow of Judge Austin Adams, once chief justice of Iowa's Supreme Court, is dead, aged 83 years. She was prominent in literary circles, State and national, a close friend of Ralph Waldo Emerson and schoolmate at Cleveland of John Rockefeller and Mark Hanna.

A respectable looking young man of 23 committed suicide at the Hamilton Hotel in Wichita, Kan., by taking laudanum. He tore his name off all his marked garments, including his hat, and left an unsigned note asking that his body be kept for three days, when Elmer Scripture of Westport, Ind., would take charge of it.

A stock wagon loaded with 700 quarts of nitroglycerin was blown up at a railroad crossing one and one-half miles south of Bowling Green, Ohio. "Jack" Radalbaugh, the driver of the wagon, was blown to atoms, only a small piece of his scalp being found. Remnants of two horses were scattered over adjacent fields.

A movement has been started at Lawton, O. T., among the home seekers who lost to have the government open up the three reserves in the land lottery which it set aside in the Lawton district before the opening. At a meeting of 100 or more of them it was decided to petition the Interior Department at once to take such action.

SOUTHERN.

Nathan Carruthers, colored, was hanged at Memphis for the murder of Charles Neebe.

John Pennington, a negro, was burned at the stake by a mob of 500 whites and blacks at Enterprise, Ala.

Lieutenant Commander James C. Cresap, U. S. N., died at Norfolk, Va., of blood poisoning, caused by the dye of a stocking absorbed in a slight abrasion on the foot.

A dispute between W. J. Ligon, sanitary inspector of Jackson, Miss., and David L. Shelton over an inspection was followed by a personal encounter, in which Shelton was shot and killed by the inspector.

On Clear creek, Kentucky, the body of J. B. Hawkins, a fruit tree peddler from Knoxville, Tenn., was found. From marks on the body and the condition of the pockets it was evident that the man had been murdered and robbed.

Mike Washington, colored, answering the description of the slayer of Chief Jones of Shelby, N. C., was captured at Charlotte after a fight, in which his brother, George Washington, was killed and Lieut. Dunn mortally wounded.

At Marlin, Texas, Porter Sawyer, aged 18, shot and killed his father and was overcome by heat and died while trying to escape. The boy became angry at his father for whipping a horse and, slipping up behind him, killed him with a rifle.

Ellis Glenn, through her attorneys, has filed a declaration in the United States Court at Parkersburg, W. Va., in a suit against William Richardson for $50,000 damages. This proceeding is a sequel to the recent sensational trial of Ellis Glenn for forgery.

A contest extending over many months was ended by the appointment of Dr. J. P. Gray as postmaster of New Castle, Ky. Mrs. Gertrude Sanders, the present incumbent, made a hard fight to retain the office, even appealing to the President for assistance.

Fear of the dog caused a Louisville cat to jump from the highest pier of the Big Four bridge into the Ohio river, a distance of 100 feet. People who were out in a small boat picked her up, and within an hour she was none the worse for her performance.

Capt. Noble Wiley, son of Congressman Wiley of Montgomery, Ala., who has recently received an appointment as lieutenant in the regular army, was shot and seriously wounded in Montgomery by Dr. J. H. Crossland. The cause of the shooting is not known.

At Taylorsville, Ky., Sby Lewis, a young negro, was sold by Auctioneer Crab to the highest bidder from the court house steps. Lewis was sent into servitude for a period of nine months upon being convicted of vagrancy. He was finally knocked down to Arch Hays, a young farmer near town, at $2.

Dan Hannon, an old Irishman, at Louisville, Ky., lost both legs from sleeping in a chair. He slept always with his feet crossed up tailor fashion under and his head resting on a table. The impeded circulation produced by his constrained sleeping position caused gangrene. Dr. Meyer amputated both legs.

FOREIGN.

Fireman Patrick Grimes of the steamship Belgenland, bound for Philadelphia, committed suicide when the vessel was three days out of Liverpool, by jumping overboard.

The peasants at Nadas, in South Hungary, revolted against the form of serfdom which still survives in certain parts of Hungary. Troops fired on the rebels, killing eight of them.

Santos-Dumont's airship was wrecked at Paris while a test was being made and the aeronaut had a narrow escape from death. The air pump failed and the machine fell to the ground.

Maxmillian Manasse, nephew of a former wealthy banker of Berlin, Germany, committed suicide at Philadelphia because his uncle had cut him off in his will with $40. Manasse expected to receive $40,000.

Great floods caused by the overflowing of the Yang-Tse have caused the death of many thousands in China. The river has risen forty feet and for hundreds of miles the country is a great lake, with only tops of trees and an occasional roof showing.

The military government of Manila has ceased and municipal affairs have been taken over by three commissioners, similar to the government in the District of Columbia. The President is a Filipino, Col. Herrera; the others are Messrs. Baldwin and Tutherly.

Two hundred Mahsuds attacked a militia post at Kashmirkar, India, killed a sentry and surprised the garrison, which sought refuge in the barracks. The Mahsuds decamped with the rifles, ammunition, uniforms and kits of the garrison without losing a man.

IN GENERAL.

Experts of the Agricultural Department have invented a trap to rid houses of flies.

The United States Steel corporation has bought the Shelby tube works, which has fifteen mills.

Postal receipts for the year will show an increase of $7,000,000, the total being nearly 100 per cent greater than in 1890.

The Navy Department has ignored the charge that Admiral Howison of the Schley inquiry board is a Sampson partisan.

President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association has issued call for general strike of all union men employed in the mills of the United States Steel Corporation.

Gen. MacArthur in his report to the Secretary of War declares the Filipinos sure to yield. The army and navy, he says, must remain in the islands to complete pacification.

The total population of Canada, as shown by the new census, is 5,300,000. The increase is only 466,761 over the figures of ten years ago, or an increase of less than 9.7 per cent.

President McKinley has commuted the death sentence of Private Frederick Morris, Company K, Forty-ninth volunteers, convicted of murder in Luzon, to life imprisonment in the Fort Leavenworth penitentiary.

Chinese Inspector Ralph Izard, in an interview says Chinese are coming in at present by the hundreds, and if it keeps on they will have to build new and bigger jails the whole length of the Canadian border.

The Navy Department has ordered the gunboat Machias, now at Boston, to proceed to Hampton Roads and thence to Colon, at the eastern terminus of the Panama Railroad, to look after American interests there.

Serious rioting, lasting for five days and resulting in the killing of five persons and wounding of upwards of 200 others, began in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, according to a report received at the State Department from Charles Page Bryan, the United States minister.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, shipping grades, $3.00 to $6.10; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $3.65; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2, 34c to 36c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 18c to 15c; potatoes, new, $1.05 to $1.10 per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $5.90; sheep, common to prime, $3.00 to $3.50; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 2 white, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2 white, new, 36c to 37c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.25 to $5.05; hogs, $3.00 to $6.00; sheep, $3.00 to $3.25; wheat, No. 2, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2, 58c to 59c; oats, No. 2, 35c to 36c; rye, No. 2, 62c to 63c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $3.00 to $5.25; hogs, $3.00 to $5.00; sheep, $3.00 to $3.35; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 58c to 59c; oats, No. 2 mixed, new, 36c to 37c; rye, No. 2, 52c to 53c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.25; hogs, $3.00 to $5.75; sheep, $2.50 to $3.75; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2 white, 37c to 38c; rye, 54c to 55c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 55c to 56c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 36c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c; clover seed, prime, $6.40.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 3, 56c to 57c; oats, No. 2 white, 38c to 39c; rye, No. 1, 55c to 57c; barley, No. 2, 59c to 60c; pork, mess, $13.87.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $3.00 to $5.00; hogs, fair to prime, $3.00 to $6.25; sheep, fair to choice, $3.50 to $4.00; lambs, common to choice, $4.50 to $5.75.

New York—Cattle, $3.75 to $5.70; hogs, $3.00 to $6.25; sheep, $3.00 to $4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2, 59c to 60c; oats, No. 2 white, 41c to 42c; butter, creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, western, 14c to 16c.

WILL NOT QUIT WORK

WESTERN STEEL WORKERS REFUSE TO GO OUT.

Lodges Vote Disobedience to Shaffer's Order for a Shut-Down—Men Resolve that Their Contracts Are More Binding than the Union Mandate.

The national strike of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers received a body blow Sunday. Workingmen in South Chicago and in Milwaukee voted with great emphasis not to strike. At Joliet the men deferred final action, but it was plain that the sentiment was not widely different from that at the mills where the union men, in flat-footed fashion, refused to go out. In Pittsburg President Shaffer had nothing to say, but the other strike leaders were greatly disappointed by the news from the West. The steel operators, on the other hand, are jubilant and have no hesitancy in saying that they have the strike broken beyond any hope of the Amalgamated Association keeping it alive.

Beside the mills about Chicago which were in doubt up to Sunday, the steel corporation reports resumption of work at the Ohio works of the National Steel Company at Youngstown, and the King, Gilbert & Warner plant at Columbus. In the Carnegie group the Homestead, Edgar Thomson, Duquesne, Upper and Lower Union, and Howard axle works, employing 15,000 men, were reported to be in operation without trouble. Parts of other mills were also declared to be going ahead with sufficient force. The mills where the operators concede losses are: New Castle, 2,000; Mingo Junction, 1,000; Boston mills, 425; Elba iron works, 900; Republic iron works, 1,510; Riverside works, 1,200; making a total of 7,595 new men on strike.

Vote at South Chicago—190 to 47.

The decisive action at the South Chicago mills of the Federal Steel Company was taken by the two lodges of the Amalgamated Association. By a vote of 190 to 47 they declared they had no differences with their employers, and believed they owed more loyalty to their contract with the company than to the association. The two lodges have 572 members, 45 per cent of them being present at the meeting.

In Milwaukee the employes of the Bay View mills, likewise a branch of the Federal Steel Company, expressed as emphatically as their South Chicago brethren their disapproval of the order of President Shaffer to strike. President Redfern of the Milwaukee lodge informed his men that the South Chicago and Joliet employes were not disposed to strike, although they had expressed their willingness to contribute liberally to the support of the men who are in idleness in the East. With the probable action of the Illinois men fresh in their minds, the Milwaukee workers refused to obey the order of their national officer.

At Joliet one reason for a week's delay was a desire to comply with a request for deferred action from General Manager McCullough. Pending the announcement of the result President Shaffer was expected to visit Joliet and give the 300 members of the four lodges the advantage of his advice.

The action of the Bay View and South Chicago steel workers, with the probable refusal of the Joliet lodges to leave their mills, practically eliminated the mills controlled by the Federal Steel Company from the fight. It is understood that the policy suggested in the East during the last week in the dismantling of the McKeesport plant because of the continued disturbance in that section and its removal to more peaceful districts is to be followed. In carrying out this plan of seeking friendly and conservative regions the Illinois and Wisconsin plants will be enlarged by the United States Steel Corporation. This in recognition of the desire expressed by the men thereabout to avoid being drawn into controversies in which they have no particular interest.

Leaves East to Fight Alone.

The decision of the steel workers in the fourth district is expected to have a far-reaching effect. It practically leaves the Eastern workers fighting alone, the West having withheld all support except promises of financial aid. District Vice President William C. Davis is left the lone striker here, he having served notice upon the company that he would not return to work when his shift ended Saturday night.

The financial support offered by the Western lodges promises not to be large, if based on the offering of the South Chicago contingent. Five per cent was the assessment declared last week, and the contribution was not increased.

THE FILIPINO HAT.

The coolest and newest thing in the way of masculine headgear is the Filipino hat. These hats are the most recent imports from our new possessions. The hat is made of what closely resembles the cane used in chair seats, but is much lighter in weight. The material is closely plaited and the hat looks like a cross between a chopping bowl and a Soudan helmet without the helmet's front piece. The hat is so constructed that the headgear proper does not touch the head at all. Many are now worn.



FILIPINO HAT.

This and That.

It is understood that topers object to dry jokes.

Committing arson is certainly a burning wrong.

The brave soldier goes ahead if he has to go afoot.

A man who bristles with information ought to be pretty sharp.

When some orators branch out everybody feels inclined to leave.

Some men can disappear to good advantage if they don't look well.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

A series of experiments, unique even in the history of the Agricultural Department, has been approved by Secretary Wilson at the instance of what is known as the Pomological Bureau of that department. There were some misgivings as to the legal aspect of the proposition, but these have been disposed of by a favorable decision of the Comptroller of the Treasury.

It is proposed by the Agricultural Department to go into partnership with a number of merchants and exporters, the terms of the partnership being that the United States shall stand all losses and the exporters reap all the profits. Yet it is claimed by the pomological experts of the department that the government will reap profits enough in the form of scientific knowledge to compensate for any loss that may be sustained through the otherwise unequal partnership. At the late session Congress made the following provision for pomological investigations: "To investigate in co-operation with other divisions of the department and experiment stations of the several States the market conditions affecting the fruit trade of the United States and foreign countries and the methods of harvesting, packing, storing, and shipping fruit and vegetables, and for experimental shipments of fruits to foreign countries for the purpose of increasing the exportation of American fruits, and for all necessary expenses connected with the practical work of the same."

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The huge lottery that Uncle Sam has conducted in Oklahoma for land taken from the Indians has brought to light a peculiar phase of the homestead law. Judge Ryan, first assistant Secretary of the Interior, said that under the homestead law a married woman could not make an entry for a homestead because she is not the head of a family. A single woman, however, can make an entry. This ruling was given in answer as to the correctness of the report from El Reno that Miss Minerva McClintock of Oklahoma City, the young woman who drew ticket No. 18, entitling her to make an entry for a homestead near El Reno, had forfeited her right because of her marriage. In continuing, Judge Ryan said: "If the young woman who lost her chance for the homestead had only waited until after she had made her entry for the land before getting married it would have been different. Had she perfected her entry and waited sixty days she could have relinquished her claim and the land would then have become public domain. The man she married could have made an entry for the land and thus have saved the homestead."

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An official report of the biting off of the leg of Quartermaster S. McKie, third class, of the gunboat Annapolis, by a shark or other sea monster at Iloilo June 24 has been forwarded to the Navy Department by Admiral Kempff. A party was sent out from the vessel for rifle practice. Commander Rohrer, in command of the Annapolis, states that permission was given to several of the men to go swimming while others were engaged in firing. McKie made a dive and a moment later appeared on the surface and shouted: "Shark! Shark!" The water was stained with blood. McKie started to swim and, although crippled, reached the boat and was pulled in by his companions. His leg was bitten off near the knee. He was taken aboard the Annapolis, where the surgeon found it necessary to amputate the limb between the knee and hip.

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One of the greatest thoroughfares in Palestine, according to Consul Merrill, at Jerusalem, is that between Jerusalem and Nablous, in ancient Shechem. For centuries it has been only a camel path, in many places rough and stony, and in spite of the vast amount of traffic it was not until 1900 that an effort was made to connect the two cities by a carriage road. Early in that year the route was surveyed and specifications sent to Constantinople, whence orders for the construction of the roads must emanate. Work was begun the following autumn, and in March of the present year the first carriage passed over the completed section between Jerusalem and Birch. Carriages go from Jericho to the Dead Sea and the River Jordan, but there is no road, the carriages driving across the plains.

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Only a few of the letter carriers of the country have availed themselves of the privilege granted by the Postmaster General, after several years of petitioning, to wear shirt waists during the summer season while on duty. A. W. Machen, general superintendent of free delivery, said the other day that the shirt waist had not become popular among the carriers and that in most cases when the official permission had been taken advantage of the garment had not been a shirt waist, but merely an ordinary shirt of the color prescribed in the Postmaster General's order.

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The second largest claim yet presented with the Spanish treaty claims commission was filed the other day on behalf of Francis Zeiglie of Havana. He was owner of a sugar estate of 2,070 acres, worth $1,000,000, which was laid waste by Spanish troops in May, 1896. For this he wants $722,427. Indignities were heaped upon him by Spanish soldiers and he was compelled to flee for his life. For his shattered health and the persecution of his family he asks an additional $150,000.

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The Postoffice Department has issued an order that is designed to be of special advantage to business men. Those firms and business houses that have been in the habit of sending money order blanks to their customers will be supplied free of cost with the special money order blanks in which the name of the payee or firm sending them out will be conspicuously printed in red ink. The department announces that if the use of these forms be adopted, small coins and stamps as a means of the exchange of the may disappear from the mail

AROUND A BIG STATE

BRIEF COMPILATION OF ILLINOIS NEWS.

Town Is Out of Money—Epidemic of Anthrax in Lake County—Big Blaze at Anna—Roisterer Killed—Box Factory Destroyed.

Mount Vernon is practically bankrupt. The necessary running expenses of the city amount to about $15,000 a year. The total revenues derived from all sources amount to a little more than $10,000. There is a large amount of city indebtedness overdue and city orders are worth about 50 cents on the dollar. On a recent night at a regular meeting of the City Council when the tax levy for the ensuing year was adopted no appropriations were made for lights or water. The city recently purchased the water works and electric light plant from private owners, payment being secured by mortgage on the property. The purchase price was to be paid in installments. The action of the Council in not appropriating any money for the payment of the coming installments is a practical surrender of the plants into the hands of the holders of the bonds.

Anna Merchants Burned Out.

A fire in the business portion of Anna at 3 o'clock Sunday morning caused a loss of about $10,500. The losses: Joseph Pump, confectionery, $300, covered; Alden Store Company, plate glass, $400, covered; W. Henderson, jeweler, $400, covered; R. Johnson, two frame business houses, barn and outbuildings, $2,000, insurance $1,800; Brown & Edwards, groceries, $500, covered; M. W. Brown, residence, $1,400, insurance $800; C. L. Walker, brick business house and warehouse, $4,000, insurance $3,500; Printing plant (idle), $300, covered; Daniel Leyerle, cottage, $500, insurance $450.

Find Anthrax In Epidemic.

An epidemic of anthrax has made an appearance among cattle herds in Lake County. Twenty-one animals already have died from the disease and a butcher of the name of Wolf who received a cut on the hand while skinning a diseased animal also became infected and died. The State board of live stock commissioners have established a quarantine against every herd where the disease has appeared. It is believed by the commissioners that the disease resulted from the dumping of refuse from a tannery in a railroad cut near the point where the first case developed.

Killed One of the Gang.

Jacob Thierwachter, a farmer living eight miles southwest of Redbud, was awakened early the other morning by a lot of boisterous young men returning home from a dance, who attempted to enter the house. Thierwachter ordered them to leave the premises, but they refused, and he was compelled to use a shotgun, firing one shot into the crowd, killing Will Dwyer instantly and wounding several others. Thierwachter immediately went to Maystown, where he gave himself up to the authorities. The coroner's jury exonerated him from all blame.

Costly Fire in Granite City.

Fire destroyed the box factory of Drummond & Sons at Granite City and threatened for a time the destruction of adjoining buildings in the town. Aided by the employes, with private fire apparatus, the fire departments of Granite City, Madison and Venice, confined the flames to the Drummond plant, which was valued at $100,000.

State Items of Interest.

Mrs. Lewis, aged 115 years, died at Quincy.

Fire destroyed a bridge on the Gale division of the Illinois Central Railroad, completely tying up all traffic, pending a rebuilding of the structure.

Blake G. Chidester, son of D. E. Chidester, a wealthy merchant of Bushnell, is a prisoner in St. Louis on charges of larceny and forgery. Chidester admits the former charge, but stoutly denies the charge of forgery.

The assets of the Joliet Limestone Company, owning a number of quarries, were sold at receiver's sale. Joseph Stephens of Joliet, representing several large stockholders, secured the property on a bid of $75,000.

While kneeling in prayer over his wife's grave at Lemont Nicholas Huth, a pioneer resident of that city, was fatally stricken with apoplexy. Daily he has prayed at the same place.

An eight-foot four-inch vein of coal was struck at the shaft of the Saline County Coal Company, three miles south of Harrisburg, at a depth of 134 feet. This is the largest and finest vein of coal yet discovered in Saline County.

After having risen from office boy in the house of J. V. Farwell & Co. in Chicago to cashier of the institution, Frank Burnam is a prisoner at the Cook County jail, charged with embezzlement of $3,000 of the firm's money. He has confessed to the theft.

Garrett De F. Kenney of Peoria has been appointed one of the managers of the Illinois State reformatory at Pontiac, vice Senator Homer F. Aspinwall of Freeport, resigned, the constitution forbidding the appointment to such positions of members of the Legislature.

Mayor Lewis B. Thomas of Bloomington was presented with a magnificent diamond studded star. The presentation was made by Dr. J. L. White in the presence of a large number of friends of the executive. The gift cost $1,000 and was contributed to by all those connected with the city force and hundreds of friends of the Mayor in business circles. Dr. White, who made the presentation, eulogized the administration of Mayor Thomas, the latter now serving his fifth term.

The tipple top of the Sorrento Prospecting and Mining Co. caught fire and the whole top works were burned down. The loss is about $25,000.

Walter Bruce Hutton, living at 286 Sixty-fifth place, Chicago, was drowned while bathing in Lake Michigan at Sleepy Hollow resort, South Haven, Mich.

Lightning struck the home of William Bryant, in Chicago Heights, wrecked one of the interior and seriously injured 8-year-old son, Glen. The boy was lying with his left arm near a window.

J. P. Wells of Chillicothe was killed at Galesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Cenzar celebrated their golden wedding at Pana.

Harry Bowden, who killed Hugh O'Neill during a quarrel at their Chicago homes, was arrested at Granite City.

C. L. Johnston's dry goods store at Decatur was destroyed by fire. Loss, $20,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Charles Baxter, aged 25 years, was run over by an Illinois Central train south of Ludlow and killed. He was sitting on the track apparently asleep.

The smallpox epidemic in Fairland has assumed alarming proportions and new cases, manifesting the worst phases of the disease, have been reported.

Twin babies, a boy and girl, apparently ten days old, were left in a market basket on the platform of the Belmont avenue station of the Northwestern "L" road in Chicago.

A German resident of Chicago sent four pairs of socks to his mother in Germany so that she might repair them, and when they came back duty of $1.75 a pair was assessed against them.

John Morrow of Woodstock announced that he had been robbed of $37 in a Chicago hotel and several policemen were called, only to learn that Mrs. Morrow had taken the money for safe keeping.

State Game Commissioner Lovejoy has issued a proclamation prohibiting the killing of quail during what was the closed season under the law in effect prior to July 1. The action was taken on the advice of Attorney General Hamlin.

The home of P. O'Sullivan, postmaster at South Chicago, a butcher shop, grocery store and the dwelling of Peter Marion, next door, were destroyed by fire, at a loss of about $4,500. The fire, which started in the barn in the rear, spread to the house and consumed both buildings.

Prof. Charles B. Thwing of the chair of physics, Knox College, Galesburg, has accepted the professorship of physics in Syracuse, N. Y., University at a large increase of salary. Dr. Thwing is a graduate from Northwestern University, has taught in Northwestern and Wisconsin universities, and for the last five years has been at Knox.

Officers were chosen at Galesburg for the Illinois grand lodge, Grand United Order of Odd Fellows, as follows: Grand Master, S. W. Rollins, Chicago; Deputy Grand Master, John L. Turnbull, Metropolis; Grand Secretary, Charles Smith, Paris; Grand Treasurer, Howard Bell, Chicago; Grand Trustee, William Claybourn, Chicago. Mrs. Louise Montgomery of Chicago was elected most noble governess of the Household of Ruth, the women's auxiliary.

Gov. Yates has appointed C. H. Payson of Watseka a member of the State claims commission, vice Walter H. Louden, who resigned at the request of the Governor, owing to political differences. The Governor also appointed Mrs. Martha K. Baxter of Springfield, president of the Illinois Woman's Relief Corps, a trustee of the Soldiers' Widows' Home at Wilmington, vice Mrs. Derelle W. Johnson of Chicago, who resigned owing to removal to New York. William Hart of Charleston was appointed deputy fish commissioner.

Mrs. Anna D. McKinney, who died at a Kansas City hotel recently from a dose of morphine, taken with suicidal intent, was born and raised in Shelbyville. Mrs. McKinney taught school in Illinois, but ran away, as papers in her trunk disclosed, to escape the attentions of her stepfather, a Rev. Mr. Hite. She married in St. Louis, where her husband and baby finally died. Several years ago Hite confessed to the mother that he was in love with the daughter. This broke the mother's heart and resulted in her death, followed by Mrs. McKinney's estrangement from her stepfather.

Eastern capitalists have secured property rights along the Kankakee river between Kankakee and Wilmington, and will construct seven dams for the purpose of developing power for electric roads and manufacturing concerns in eastern Illinois. The corporation will be capitalized at $1,000,000, and will use the Beardsley patent dam. It is estimated that over 15,000 horse-power can be developed, or more than enough to operate all of the constructed and proposed electric roads in eastern and central Illinois. It is possible that locks will be constructed and the long cherished hope of slack water navigation of the Kankakee river between Kankakee and the Illinois river will be realized.

Friends of Miss Minnie Brady and John H. Stimpson, well-known Elgin young people, were amazed the other day at the recalling of the wedding invitations sent out a few days before by the parents of the young woman, Mr. and Mrs. William Brady. The bride to be has disappeared, giving no explanation of her action, and her fiance declares the engagement broken and says he cannot forgive the girl. The affair is all the more mystifying because of the fact that the prospective bride seemed to be supremely happy at the prospect of her approaching marriage to the young man of her choice. She readily assented to the engagement and won the consent of her parents, who at first opposed the match on account of her being, in their consideration, too young. Miss Brady, who is 19 years old, is an accomplished young woman and a gifted musician.

Knox County veterans of the army and navy held a reunion on the Gilson camp grounds near Galesburg. Speeches were delivered by prominent members of the G. A. R. and in the evening a camp fire was held, when stories were told and army songs were sung. Among those who addressed the veterans were C. A. Partridge, Captain V. D. Purington, Senator William E. Mason of Chicago, Mrs. Martha K. Baxter of Springfield and Congressman George W. Prince of Galesburg.

August Harch of Lee Center leaped from a third-story window at the St. Luke's Society building in Chicago while delirious. His right leg was broken and his scalp cut.

While crossing the Wabash tracks at Litchfield, Lafayette Sweet, aged 77, was struck by a train and instantly killed. He was a Civil War veteran and one of Litchfield's oldest citizens.

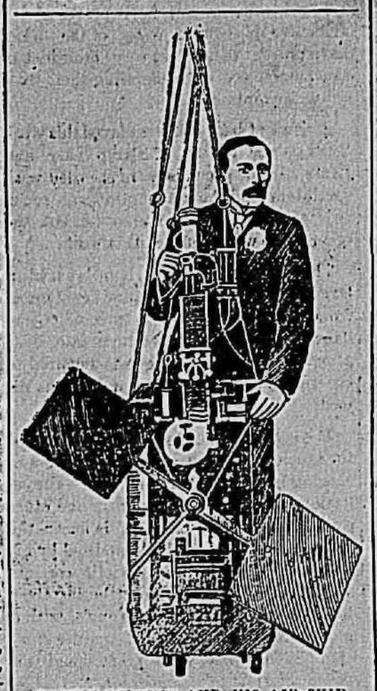
The dead body of Leroy Lapham, a wealthy and prominent farmer living near Williamsfield, was found in the road near his home. A coroner's jury decided that he died from natural causes.

FACES DEATH IN THE SKY.

Daring Brazilian Aeronaut Is Nearly Killed in Paris.

M. Santos Dumont had a thrilling adventure in Paris while experimenting with his celebrated navigable balloon and so nearly lost his life that the vast crowd watching him became hysterical. The airship became unmanageable while more than 100 feet above the ground, practically went to pieces and as it fell the huge gas holder exploded. The collapsed machine caught on the ledge of a high roof and after a herculean struggle M. Santos-Dumont was rescued.

The airship rose from the Park St. Cloud in the presence of a committee and flew before the wind, which was blowing half a gale, like a skyrocket. M. Santos-Dumont rounded the tower like a catboat turning a buoy. The machine was under perfect control at that time. But when it came to facing the strong wind on the return trip something went wrong. The motor acted badly. The wires tore out the eyelets and ripped the balloon, which reeled and dropped violently. Here the balloon began to deflate. The propeller caught in the sagged wires and tore a great hole in the silk of the huge



SANTOS-DUMONT AND HIS AIR-SHIP.

bag. The balloon collapsed and began falling rapidly.

M. Santos-Dumont did not lose his head. He so shifted the gear that the balloon would come down bow first, thus lessening its velocity. All the while he threw out sand bags. The spectators ran hither and thither, but of course could do nothing to avert the daring aeronaut's peril. M. Santos-Dumont attempted to drive hir into the balloonet, which is a small balloon within the larger one, but the motor failed to act. Then the gas went out of the rear balloon, which hung in a flabby way and threatened to catch the screw. Despite the aeronaut's efforts a vicious puff of wind struck the fabric and the balloon exploded with a terrible noise. Fortunately this was just before the machine struck the building.

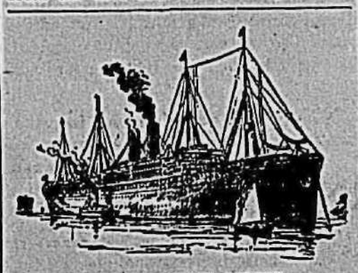
Ropes were lowered to the suspended aeronaut and he was drawn up to safety. When he reached the roof Santos-Dumont invited all present to attend a trial of the reconstructed balloon within a month's time.

WORLD'S BIGGEST VESSEL.

Giant Steamer Celtic Makes Maiden Voyage Across the Atlantic.

Seven sturdy tugs pulled into the White Star dock at New York Sunday morning the greatest steamship afloat, the first 20,000-ton vessel the world has ever seen, the Celtic, from Liverpool, in eight days and forty-six minutes.

If one will imagine a building nine stories high, with a frontage of three and a half blocks, he will get some idea of this biggest ship afloat, which came safely into port under command of Captain H. St. J. Lindsay, R. N. R. An idea of this sea giantess' size might be had, too, from the fact that safely alongside her



THE STEAMSHIP CELTIC.

pier she towered so high that her lowest open deck was above the level of the pier roof and no companionway could reach it. This difficulty was overcome by opening the bulkhead doors of the middle deck. At Liverpool the passengers had boarded her by a temporary stairway from the roof of the landing stage.

Though she brought over only 345 cabin passengers and 268 steerage passengers, the Celtic has accommodations for 2,859 passengers, 350 first class, 110 second, and the balance third, and, in addition, a crew of 335, in all, 3,194 human beings. Still further idea of her size can be gained from her cargo capacity. The displacement at load draught is 38,220 tons, her gross tonnage 20,904 tons, and she can carry over 18,000 tons of actual cargo. She is 700 feet long and 75 feet wide, and has nine decks, known as the lower orlop, orlop, lower, middle, upper, bridge, upper bridge, boat, and sun decks.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee has decided that the business in which he has determined to engage upon retiring into private life near Richmond, Va., will be "of an industrial character," but beyond this he has refused to make any statement for publication.

A new trolley line between New York and Connecticut promises a regular run of sixty miles an hour outside of city limits.

John Findley died at Deming, N. M., from wounds inflicted by John Milton.

FACTS ABOUT : : : : : : THE CENSUS.

A census bulletin gives tables showing the population by sex, general nativity, and color, of Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, and Indian Territory. From the figures presented it appears that Iowa has only 0 per cent of colored persons, and with respect to sex that in each case the males constitute a larger percentage of the total population in 1900.

In each State and Territory there is an excess of males over females in 1900, the males constituting 51.1 per cent of the total population of Indiana, 51.8 per cent of that of Iowa, 52.3 per cent of that of Kansas, and 53.3 per cent of that of Indian Territory.

The foreign born element in 1900 constitutes somewhat more than one-eighth of the total population of Iowa, while in Kansas it is a little more than one-twelfth, and in Indiana about one-eighteenth. In Indian Territory the proportion of foreign born is small, this element constituting only 1.2 per cent of the total population of the Territory in 1900.

The white element in 1900 constitutes in Indiana 97.7 per cent, in Iowa 99.4 per cent, and in Kansas 96.3 per cent of the total population, the small colored element in each of these States being composed almost wholly of persons of negro descent. In Indian Territory, however, the whites constitute 77.2 per cent and the colored 22.8 per cent of the total population of the Territory in 1900, the latter element being comprised in good part of Indians.

Of the total population of Iowa in 1900 foreign white persons constitute 13.7 per cent and native white persons of foreign parentage 29.2 per cent, these two elements combined representing upward of two-fifths of the entire population of the State. These same two elements of the white population constituted a little over one-fourth of the total population of Kansas in 1900 and about one-fifth that of Indiana. In Indian Territory these same two elements represent only 3.8 per cent of the total population, the native white element of foreign parentage alone representing 2.6 per cent.

The figures for the three States of Indiana, Iowa, and Kansas are summarized in the accompanying table:

States and Territories.	Males.	Females.	Native.	Foreign.
Indiana	1,285,404	1,231,058	2,374,341	142,121
Iowa	1,156,840	1,075,004	1,925,933	305,926
Kansas	768,716	701,779	1,343,810	126,685

To show the relative strength of the different States in regard to the elements of the population, a table of percentages gives the following results:

States and Territ.	Males.	Females.	Native.	Foreign.	White.	Colored.
Indiana	51.1	48.9	94.4	5.6	97.7	2.3
Iowa	51.8	48.2	86.3	13.7	99.4	0.6
Kansas	52.3	47.7	91.4	8.6	96.3	3.7

Director Merriam has issued a bulletin showing the population of Michigan, Minnesota, and Mississippi by sex, nativity and color. According to this bulletin the total population is as follows:

States	Total population.	Males.	Females.	Native born.
Mich.	2,420,982	1,248,905	1,172,077	1,870,320
Minn.	1,751,394	932,490	818,804	1,246,076
Miss.	1,551,270	781,451	769,819	1,543,289

The males predominate in 1900 in all of the three States considered in this bulletin, Minnesota having the largest proportion, or 53.2 per cent of males, as compared with 46.8 per cent of females. In Michigan and Mississippi the percentages for the males are 51.6 and 50.4 respectively.

In Minnesota the foreign born element in 1900 constitutes something more than one-fourth of the total population of the State, or 28.9 per cent, while in Michigan the same element constitutes 22.4 per cent of the total population. In Mississippi the population is practically all of native birth, the foreign born element in 1900 representing only five-tenths of 1 per cent of the total population.

In the consideration of the native and foreign born elements in 1900 it should be borne in mind that at the present census Indians and other persons on Indian reservations are included in the statement of population, which was not the case, however, at preceding censuses. The inclusion of this element affects materially, in certain cases, the percentage of native and foreign born, but it has no special effect upon the proportions in any of the States under consideration, although there are a few thousand Indians still residing in each, practically all of whom are of native birth.

The white population of Mississippi is composed almost wholly of native white persons of native parentage, this element constituting 39.7 per cent of the entire population of the State in 1900.

ILLINOIS TOWN BURNED.

Fire Destroys Fifty Business Houses and Dwellings in Rantoul.

The entire business district of Rantoul, Ill., and half a dozen blocks of residences were destroyed by fire the other afternoon. A spark from a passing railroad engine started the fire and a high wind, a six weeks' drought which had left every building as dry as tinder, and the lack of a city water works were the factors that made it so swift and fierce that it was uncontrollable. Champaign and Paxton sent their fire departments, but water could not be obtained in sufficient quantities. Dynamite was tried, but it did not hinder the flames where buildings were close together.

Over fifty business and residence houses were burned. The loss is estimated at upward of $300,000, with insurance of less than half that amount, but that figure will not cover the injury to the town, which has left only one hotel, which was located outside the business district, and one lumber yard.

Owing to the fact that nearly every business house was burned out, including grocery stores, restaurants and the best hotel in the town, the first thing to be attended to was supplying the people with food and clothing. Several temporary groceries were established and supplies were obtained from Paxton and Champaign. Bread sold for 15 cents a loaf, and everything else in proportion. The entire business portion of the town will be rebuilt in a short time.

Live wire killed Frederick Petty, Zanesville, Ohio.

BEATS GIRL FOR BEST LAND.

J. R. Woods Chooses $50,000 Site Fronting on Town of Lawton, O. T.

When the Lawton, O. T., land office opened for the first filings of the lucky land claimants, J. R. Woods, who held ticket No. 1, and Miss Mattie H. Beals, ticket No. 2, stood side by side. Woods was entitled to first choice of all the land thrown open to settlement. He filed on the entire northern half of the half section immediately south of the town site of Lawton, one mile long by a quarter of a mile wide, instead of the square quarter section at the east end.

This shut Miss Beals out from getting land adjoining the town site. She filed on the south half of the same mile strip. Sentiment is divided on Woods' action. Lawyers of both claimants met in a tent in McCoy avenue to represent their clients and the story spread rapidly among the boomers and settlers. Public sympathy was with the woman and Woods received a public excoriation that was as exact, emphatic and profane as a mixed Western assembly could make it. The story at first seemed unreasonable.

When James D. McGuire, receiver for the land office, heard of the effort of Woods to gobble up the townsite front, he expressed himself in language which could not me misinterpreted. "The law does not contemplate any such sharp practices," said he, "and, notwithstanding the construction of lawyers, I will not enter such a claim. I have not talked the matter over with Maj. McKnight, the register, but I am confident he will agree with us. But even if he does not, I shall protest. In that event the whole matter will be passed up to the Interior Department. If Mr. Woods does not take one of the natural subdivisions made by the government he will have to get instructions from some higher authority of the department than the officials of the Lawton land office."

Woods' quarter section is rated at $5,000. He must pay the government only $1.25 an acre, amounting for the 160 acres to $200. The first town lot sold for $450. Five thousand people arrived Monday night, making a population of about 20,000 in the new city of Lawton.

Murder and riot were rampant. James C. Rogers of Braman, O. T., was shot to death by highwaymen just east of the tent city. He was hit twice and died in St. Joseph's hospital tent. Two men ordered him to hold up his hands. He refused and was killed. Forty men have been robbed by road agents on the trail between Rush Springs and Lawton within three days.

Congressional Delegate Dennis Flynn's First National Bank opened Tuesday morning in a tent near the land office. The Citizens' National Bank began business in a building just erected. There are only three buildings on the townsite, but lumber is on hand for hundreds of houses to be erected. Hundreds of men came into the town carrying money in valises, in their shoes and sewed in their waistbands.

HARNEY SCANDAL HEARD.

Evidence Presented Against the Accused Montana Judge.

A great mass of affidavits made by persons who allege that they know the habits of Judge E. W. Harney was presented at Butte, Mont., in an effort by the Amalgamated Copper Company to prove that the judge decided the big Minnie Healy mine case in favor of E. Augustus Heinze because Mrs. Ada H. Brackett, a woman in the employ of the Heinze people, influenced him to do so.

The chief evidence is furnished by Miss E. L. Walters and J. W. Waters, who had been on intimate terms of friendship with both Judge Harney and Mrs. Brackett. Both evidently made confidants of Miss Walters and Mr. Waters. The parties were guests at the Butte Hotel before and subsequent to the trial of the Minnie Healy case and about that time Judge Harney gave his decision by which he gave a $10,000,000 property to Heinze upon the payment by him of $54,000 to the Amalgamated company's representative in the case.

Miss Walters and Mr. Waters testified that Mrs. Brackett told them repeatedly that she was in the employ of Heinze and John McGinnis, Heinze's chief manager, and that McGinnis had promised her $100,000 and had employed her to take care of Judge Harney and do other secret work for the Heinze company.

The Comic Side of The News

It looks as if Emperor William might have an opportunity to try out his new navy on Colombia.

New York does not think the day has passed off properly unless it has a boat collision of some kind.

The British should be careful that they do not take more prisoners than there are Boers in South Africa.

The Schley-Sampson controversy is about the only real bad taste the Spanish war left in the mouths of the American people.

The postal department should at once get after the government for running a land lottery contrary to the rules and regulations.

It is just possible that no terms of settlement with China will be permanent that are not signed and agreed to by the Boxer chiefs.

If Explorer Baldwin starts many more times for the north pole the most skeptical will be forced to believe that he intends to go some time.

Dr. Nieuwenhuis has exploded one more tradition. He has explored the island and has discovered that the wild man of Borneo really is tame.

Judging from the numerous attempts at kidnaping, Pat Crowe must have returned from South Africa.

Fruit and vegetables are now said to be preserved with injurious chemicals. It is getting so that it is not safe to eat anything but excelsior and baled hay.

It will be necessary for a foreigner to live in Cuba eight years before becoming naturalized. Still there are ways of controlling elections other than by voting.

Russia wants Turkey to give up a couple of coaling stations, but Russia will probably have to make the request from behind a gun if any attention is paid to it.

THE PUBLIC EYE

George Kennan, who has been ordered out of Russia by the Czar's police, is the greatest living American student of the empire of Russia. He was born in Norwalk, Ohio, in 1845, and began life as a telegraph operator. He was in northwestern Siberia in 1865 and 1866 as a superintendent of construction of telegraph, and in 1870 he visited Russia to explore the mountains of the Eastern Caucasus. Mr. Kennan made extensive explorations on horseback in Daghestan and Chechnia, crossing the great range of the Caucasus three times in different places, and returned to America in 1871. In 1885 and 1886 he made a journey of 15,000 miles through northern Russia and Siberia for the purpose of investigating the Russian exile system. He was admitted to all the convict prisons and mines, and explored the wildest part of the Russian Atai. He wrote and lectured extensively of his experiences.



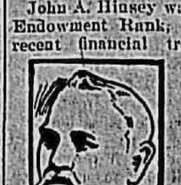
GEO. KENNAN.

William M. Beardshear, who was elected president of the National Educational Association, has been connected with educational movements in Iowa for more than twenty years. He was born at Dayton, Ohio, in 1850. He was a farmer's son and got little education until after the war. He was a big boy when he was 14 years old. He had climbed up to five feet eight inches, was of big frame, and so persuaded the military authorities that he was so much older that they enlisted him and he joined the army of the Cumberland as a private in 1864. He served until the end of the war. Then he started in to get some schooling. He worked hard and got two years at Yale University. His progress was so rapid that at the age of 20 he was made president of Western College at Toledo, Iowa, and was the youngest college president in the country. He was appointed superintendent of public schools of Des Moines in 1883, but two years later he was elected president of the college at Ames. His school work has been wholly of a supervisory nature. He stands 6 feet 3 inches in his stockings.



W. M. BEARDSHEAR.

Perry S. Heath, one of the directors of the Seventh National Bank of New York which was closed by Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, was formerly first assistant postmaster general, and one of the many newspaper men who have graduated into business life through political offices. Mr. Heath was some years ago the general manager of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, and afterward went to Washington as a correspondent, where his brilliant work made him interesting to the various statesmen with whom he came into contact. He served as first assistant postmaster general during the first administration of President McKinley. He has been a close student of banking systems, and has long been considered an authority in that line.



PERRY S. HEATH.

An addition to the Allied Women's Club of the University of California, established by Mrs. P. A. Hearst, is the department of parliamentary law, which will begin its first course next term, with Mrs. Urquhart Lee of Chicago in the chair. Mrs. Lee is one of the most distinguished parliamentary teachers in this country, and has given courses of lectures upon the subject in nearly every city in the United States.



MRS. URQUHART LEE.

John A. Hinsey was at the head of the Endowment Rank, K. of P., until the recent financial troubles came. For twelve years, until last January, he was president of the board of control of the Endowment Rank of the order, with practically unlimited control of investments. Mr. Hinsey is 65 years old, and so deaf that he cannot hear anything that is not shouted into his ear. He got some practical training in Wisconsin politics before he went to Chicago. In Milwaukee, where he lived until the offices of his railroad were moved to Chicago, he was known as "Boss" Hinsey.

J. A. HINSEY.

Abdul Hamid II. has beaten the British average of decorations for service in South Africa. There was a fire in the harem at Yildiz Kiosk recently that was put out quickly. The Sultan has already bestowed 600 medals for life saving on that occasion.

William Dorsey Jenks, the new Governor of Alabama, is a lawyer by profession and has made a fortune by his practice.

Improvements to cost $70,000 will soon be made in the St. Joseph, Mo., custom house.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
J. J. Burke, Editor & Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Mexico is also turning out mining millionaires. One of the newest is Pedro Alvarado, who less than a year ago was a peon, and whose income now exceeds $200,000 a month. He is said to rival our once famous "Coal Oil Johnnie" in his efforts to spend the wealth as fast as he gets it. He is building a palace that will cost $500,000. One of his recent freaks was to pay $15,000 for the entire stock of a jewelry and diamond pedler who visited him.

Democratic editors are naturally a little shy about writing of the more than half a billion dollars of gold which have been accumulated in the U. S. treasury since the McKinley regime began, and the few that do are amusing rather than convincing in their efforts to explain why the gold is there. Its presence needs no explanation. It stands for the great prosperity of the country, which is the direct result of republican control.

Probably the most stupendous railway undertaking ever proposed by private capital is the line between Circle City, Alaska, and Vladivostock, Russia, the eastern terminus of the Trans-Siberian Railway. It will be nearly 4,000 miles long and will cost about $200,000,000. American and French capitalists are said to be behind the scheme.

More cotton was exported during the last fiscal year than in any previous year. The total value of cotton and cotton products exported averaged more than $1,000,000 a day for every day in the year, the exact figures being $365,405,707. As king, cotton is still in the ring.

Senator Platt declares that the success of the anti-Tammany movement in New York City depends upon the selection of an unobjectionable democrat as candidate for mayor. His opinion is likely to have weight.

The U. S. government has made a proposition to the Canadian government, looking to the inspection of immigrants arriving at Canada ports, many of whom afterward come to this country. Acceptance of the proposition is expected.

Senator Wellington enjoys the dubious honor of being the only man in the country who has expressed the opinion that Admiral Schley would not receive fair treatment from the court of inquiry.

After a tour of the islands, Adjutant General Corbin said: "The changes now being made in the Philippines could not be carried out by abler hands than those of Gov. Taft and Gen. Chaffee."

Any member of the Senate could have told Admirable "Bob" Evans that Hon. William E. Chandler is not a safe man to monkey with; in fact, Evans should have known without being told.

Pithfork Tillman is the only prominent southern man who has publicly condemned Booker Washington's scheme of industrial education for the negro. He also attempted to justify lynching.

The British government must regard the trouble in South Africa as very nearly over as it is announced that it will transfer 40,000 troops from there to India, where there is fresh trouble.

Hon. J. H. Blount, of Ga., who was Cleveland's "paramount" commissioner in the effort to restore the Queen of Hawaii to her throne, was stricken with paralysis the other day.

It is highly creditable to the press that President McKinley is being allowed to enjoy a quiet rest. The absence of the Canton date line in the news of the day is marked.

Hon. Grover Cleveland recognizes that this is a better time for him to fish than to talk, and there are others who might profit by following his example.

A bill is to be introduced in congress for the maintenance as a government reservation of the famous petrified forest, near Holbrook, Arizona.

Germany is one of the best customers of the German automobile maker, since its adoption of various types of the machine for military use.

Reports to the war department indicate that the system of military telegraph in Alaska will be completed during the present season.

British and German steel-makers are hoping that the American steel strike will be prolonged. It will put money in their pockets.

The unfortunate thing about all wars between labor and capital is the inevitable result—suffering of the innocent.

Lake Villa Pharmacy

J. O. MAC LEAN
Prescription Druggist

Wall Paper,
Drugs,
Drug Sundries
Candies,
Cigars,
Ice Cream
Soda,
Choice
Perfumes.

Grayslake Local.

W. Emmons and family visited at Antioch over Sunday.

Mrs. Seesholtz, Sr., is entertaining a friend from Pittsburg, Kansas.

Many from here will attend the M. W. A. picnic at Wauconda today.

Mrs. F. C. Wilbur has purchased a fine, new piano of the Baldwin Piano Co.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Wilbur and Miss Delia Wilbur visited at Waukesha on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Sherman entertained several relatives from Chicago over Sunday.

Miss Anna Whitmore will entertain several of her cousins at a luncheon at her home on Friday.

The friends of Eugene Wilmington are pleased to learn he has accepted a good position at Dwight.

About a dozen from here took advantage of the excursion on the W. C. R. R. to Milwaukee, Sunday.

Attend the Prohibition picnic at Wick's Grove, Grayslake, on Aug. 22. A good program is arranged.

Mrs. Mary Bard, of Waukegan, has been visiting her brother, W. Edwards, and on Tuesday left for Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Burge left last week for a visit with relatives in New York State and to attend the Exposition.

Mrs. W. B. Higley entertained her niece, Miss Ada Lux, of Grass Lake, and several relatives from Wadsworth, the last of the week.

Miss Nellie Godfrey is spending her two weeks vacation with Miss Farrat Russell. During her absence Miss Carrie Austin is assisting in the Post-office.

Miss Merton Smith, of Beloit, Wis., is visiting her father, J. T. Morrill, and other relatives here, she having recently returned from a two weeks visit in Iowa.

On last week Wednesday, while Otto Johnston, section foreman on the W. C. R. R. was jumping from a moving train, he fell, breaking his collar bone which will disable him for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Strang and family attended the 77th birthday of Mrs. Strang's mother, Mrs. Rob. Hook, at the home of her son, Orlando Hook, near Rollins, on Saturday. This is an annual occurance for her children to celebrate their mother's birth anniversary with her and is a beautiful custom and one to be long remembered. About thirty relatives were present including four generations.

Rev. Morley and about three of the young people of Ivanhoe, also a number from Millburn attended services here Sunday night. There was special music consisting of a solo by Miss Bretenbock, a duet by the Misses Murgatroid and Fenlon, of Ravenswood; a solo by Mr. Spafford, and a duet by Rev. Stevens and Mr. Spafford, which were very much enjoyed. Rev. Morley assisted Rev. Stevens in the services, making it a most interesting one.

MILLBURN, ILL.

E. A. Martin has a fine new runabout.

George Miller is reported on the gain.

Carrie Bater called on friends at Ivanhoe one day last week.

The picnic to the Lotus beds at Grass Lake was a success and all report a good time.

Mrs. Mayor and her daughter Flora are spending a few days with Mrs. Robert Strang.

Don't forget the sale of household goods of Christianina E. Specht Saturday, Aug. 17th, at 2 p.m.

A number from here went to McHenry the first of the week and report a fine time at Grass and Fox Lakes.

The young man who expects to win the race at Antioch next Saturday had better look out and not bet all his change.

E. P. Dodge reports he booked more last week than ever before—1600 bu. of oats in one afternoon. Talk about no oats in Millburn.

Don't forget the grand concert and cantata of the Haymakers to be given by Mrs. Starkweather and a chorus of 40 voices Tuesday evening, August 20th.

Robert Strang celebrated his 86th birthday last Thursday with his children and grand-children, Mrs. Mayor and daughter, Flora, of Chicago; Mrs. Bain and Mrs. Yule, from Somers.

LAKE VILLA.

Mrs. F. T. Hamlin is on the sick list.

Mrs. Pierce and son, of Chicago, are at M. S. Miller's.

Mr. and Mrs. James Kerr were Antioch callers Thursday.

Mrs. Jerome Burnett visited her daughter here Tuesday.

Mrs. Joseph Strauss is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewin.

John Dunn, of Kensington, spent a couple of days here last week.

Mrs. R. Nelson was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Porter, of Antioch, Thursday.

Henry Fairman, of California, is visiting relatives in Lake Villa and vicinity.

The Angola Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. C. B. Hamlin August 20th.

A lady operator began services for the W. C. R. R. Tuesday evening of last week.

Mrs. G. T. Gail spent the forepart of the week with her daughter Mrs. F. T. Hamlin.

A sister of Charity was in our village Tuesday, collecting for the benefit of the Good Shepherd's Home of Chicago.

Charles Marks, who was badly injured by falling through one of the slides at the ice house, is able to be about again.

The Royal Neighbors will give an ice cream social on Nelson's lawn, Friday evening, August 30. Everybody invited.

Rev. O. S. Gard has returned from his vacation and there will be preaching and the regular services at the church, Sunday.

This seems to be a bad month for babies. Among the sick ones are Master Howard Wilton, Master Clayton Hamlin, and Miss Mary Sheehan.

The Sand Lake Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. Fred Hucker on Thursday, Aug. 22, 1901. Visitors welcome.

Mrs. James King, Sec.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Mrs. John Mutter is visiting friends at Genoa Junction.

Mrs. Mutter, of Chicago, is the guest of her husband's father, Mr. John Mutter.

Mrs. R. Stonebreaker and Mrs. W. Jackson were Kenosha visitors on Tuesday of this week.

Bryant Benson, of Genoa Junction, was the guest of Edgar and Eugene Garrett the first of the week.

Mrs. J. E. Garrett went to Evanston on Monday of this week to visit her daughter, Miss Sadie Garrett.

A goodly number of our town's people held a picnic at Cross Lake last Friday, spending a very enjoyable day.

Messrs. Edgar and Eugene Garrett went to Genoa Junction on Monday of this week to spend a few days with friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Pike and daughter Hazel went to Iowa on Monday of this week to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mr. Bert Pike, of Menominee Falls, Wis., is taking charge of the harness shop during the absence of his uncle, Mr. E. Pike.

Miss Myra Whitcher, of Kenosha, has been visiting friends and relatives in our village during the past week. She was given a pleasant surprise by a number of her friends last Saturday evening.

A very enjoyable entertainment will be given in the M. E. church Friday evening, Aug. 23rd, under the auspices of the Epworth League. The following well known talent will furnish the program:—Mr. Mitchell, of Somers, Basso; Mrs. Tanner, of Kenosha, Soprano; Prof. M. Paulson, M. B. of Kenosha, Violinist; Miss Inga Artensen, of Kenosha, Pianist; Miss Grace Ellis, of Bristol, Reader. Come and enjoy a first class entertainment. Admission 25 cents.

ROLLINS, ILL.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sheldon have a boy baby.

Wm. Cremin was in Waukegan on business, Tuesday.

Wm. Cremin has two teams at work for Robinson at Grayslake.

Mrs. Mitchell, from Wisconsin, visited with Mrs. Hamilton the past week.

A new sail boat was launched on Round Lake, last week, for Armour & Co.

Mrs. Shoink, of 4th Lake, has her hotel full of boarders, also George McCredie on 4th Lake.

George Crittenden expects to take a trip to South Dakota in the near future, in search of land.

[Correspondence continued on 5th page]

CAMP LAKE.

At this picturesque watering resort crowds continue to seek apartments at the Camp Lake and Lamb's hotels. During the past week the amusements have been of a varied character much to the pleasure of the guests, and the only unpleasant feature is the departure of friends after forming ties of love and friendship. On such occasions large crowds assemble at the depot and amidst the "Camp Lake yell" the iron horse pulls out to its place of destination. Fishing is a popular past-time but not always attended with success and this year it seems the fish have grown foxy and do not relish an attack on the meat on the hook, the result is the fisherman returns disheartened and is obliged to concoct a good fish story. It is true that during the past week, Master Ralph Jaycon caught a pickerel weighing 9¼ pounds. The writer saw the fish weighed and can vouch for this fact. The pickerel was sent to friends in Chicago.

Lawn tennis games have proven a very attractive past-time; many of the ladies have proven themselves very proficient in this amusement, out generaling their masculine appointments.

A game of base ball was played this week between the guests of Camp Lake and Lamb's. The grounds were crowded with spectators and the amusement was much enjoyed. The game was a tie but the other game will be played this week.

The Saturday evening hop brought a large number of ladies and gentlemen from Chicago. A concert preceeded the dance and was continued to a late hour after which many of the guests repaired to the dining hall and enjoyed a delicious repast.

The evening concerts at the hotel crowd the spacious parlors and the music and singing is of a very high order. The selections are generally from opera and other classic music. The program is uneer the direction of Prof. Aendrick, assisted by his talented wife—piano and violin conduct the music. The guests contributing their talents were Miss Vera E. Young, with a marvelously sweet voice and great range, who, although not yet a professional is a student of great talent and frequently sings solo parts in the church of the Savior, Episcopal church in Chicago, also the Misses Miller, Marshall, Messrs. Luby, O'Connell, Farrell, Oliver and others.

The Catholic church was crowded last Sunday with guests from the surrounding pleasure resorts. During the solemn services a number of ladies from Camp Lake hotel contributed the sacred music. Master James Luby, of Chicago, sung the solos in a voice most charming and many persons predicted that young Luby would prove a star in the musical world. The Rev. pastor expressed himself as highly delighted and was sorry that he could not have them every Sunday. He referred to Master Luby as possessing a voice of heavenly music. In his solos, Tantum Ergo and a Communion Hymn, his voice rang throughout the little church with a richness and sweetness that delighted the congregation, and after services he was showered with congratulations. The other members of the choir were R. Farrell, basso; H. S. Oliver, tenor; Miss F. Miller, Miss Marie Gibbons, daughter of Justice Gibbons, of Chicago, and Miss Edith Webster.

LAMB'S HOTEL.

At this hotel dramatic entertainments is the leading feature much to the delight of the guests. This part of the program is under the direction of Geo. O'Connell, a gentleman of musical and dramatic talent, assisted by Ed, Florence and Lillie Lamb, son and daughters of the genial and popular proprietor of the hotel.

The guests indulged in a hay-rack ride o Antioch on Wednesday evening, where they secured a hall and music and danced until the "wee sma hours of the morning" and returned home delighted with their trip.

A lawn party was given and ice cream and cake served. Melodies, American and Irish, were sung and all went "merry as a marriage bell." Concerts and card parties are held nightly.

There is perhaps no other summer resort where so much innocent and pleasant fun and amusement can be found than at the popular and picturesque Camp Lake.

HICKORY, ILL.

School will open in this district Sept 2nd

Threshing is about completed in this neighborhood.

Mr. Gail, of Antioch, is putting down a well in the school yard.

Mrs. Delaney and children, of Antioch, have been visiting with Mrs. Theodore Frazier.

The Church Improvement Society meets with Miss Abbie Ames Wednesday afternoon of this week.

Mrs. Pollock, Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Ames expect to visit Mrs. Hunter in Richmond a few days next week.

There will be a suffrage contest at the Hickory church next Friday evening, Aug. 23rd. Six married ladies of Gurnee will discuss the humorous as well as the practical side of woman suffrage.

Saturday evening, Aug. 31st six girls and one boy will compete for a silver medal. These medal contests are interesting and instructive and every one should attend. Both contests will be interspersed with musical selections. No admission is charged, but a collection will be taken.

TOWELS AND CRASH

Bed Sheets, Pillow Slips and Quilts

TO-DAY we begin our **ANNUAL AUGUST SALE** of Towels, Crash, Quilts and Bed Muslins. This event is eagerly looked for by shrewd housekeepers, who take this occasion to replenish their supplies for months to come.

We mention a few items:

36x18 inch **Cotton Huck Towels**.....each 5c
50x32 " " " " " 10c
38x18 " **Turkish Bath Towels**..... " 10c
41x21 " " " " " 15c
34x17 " **Huck Towels**, linen & cotton (2 for 25c) " 15c
38x18 " " " " " " 17c
41x22 " " " " " " 19c

Wash Rags—in bleached Turkish goods—at 8c and.... 5c

"Irish Huck"—genuine pure flax linen Towels, our own import, in many famous luminous patterns, $1.25 to 50c

Crash—2,000 yards just received direct from the Linen Mills, in All-Linen Crash, Cotton Crash and Union Crash, per yard 25 cents to..... 5c

Bed Sheets—torn, ironed and hemmed, ready-to-use, a special—81x81 inches—for this sale only—at...each 48c
Others, 90x81 inches, in well-known brands, at 75c, 70c, 68c, 63c and..... 58c

Pillow Slips—ironed, torn and hemmed ready-to-use
Size 45x36 inches, at each, 25c, 20c, 12½c and..... 9c
Size 50x36 " " 28c, 22c and..... 16c
Size 54x36 " " 30c, 25c and..... 18c

White Bed Quilts——some with fringe, some without —in our new style patterns—prices from, each $3 to 75c

We have made unusual preparations for this sale—Our stock on hand today is double the size of any stock we have heretofore exhibited—so your chance to choose is greatly enhanced thereby. A quality and price to suit everyone. : : : : :

G. R. LYON & SONS.
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In cases of cough or croup give the little one One Minute Cough Cure. Then rest easy and have no fear. The child will be all right in a little while. It never fails. Pleasant to take, always safe, sure and almost instantaneous in effect. W. T. Hill.

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I AM A REGISTERED VETERINARY under the state laws of Wisconsin and with over thirty years practical experience in Illinois and Wisconsin I feel competent to guarantee proper treatment and attention to all cases entrusted to me. Casteration of colts attended to at the old price of $1.00.

Administrator's Notice.
Estate of Samuel E. Ames. First Publication, August 1st, 1901.
Public Notice is hereby given that the subscriber Administrator of the estate of Samuel E. Ames deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House, in Waukegan, in said County, on the first Monday of October next, 1901, when and where all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to present the same to said Court for adjudication.
TRUMAN AMES,
Administrator.
Waukegan, July 25 1901. 46w3

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DENTIST,
Opp. First National Bank,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.
Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, of Philadelphia.

FOX LAKE.

Herbert Nelson is quite ill at present.

The Misses Traffords are visiting Mrs. Culver.

Miss Nellie Atwell was a Grayslake caller recently.

Mr. McClellan, of Richmond, was on our streets Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Reese were visitors at Wauconda lately.

Mrs. Walter Shultis is ill with inflammatory rheumatism.

Mrs. Ed. Snyder and Miss Mary Tweed called in Antioch Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm Simes, also Miss Kate Nelson, are visiting Mrs. Wm Nelson.

Dighton Wait, of Wisconsin, called on his cousin, Mrs. Ida Tweed, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardin and sister, Mrs. Babcock, visited at Ern Hook's, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brown, also Miss Nellie Brown were visiting Mrs. E. H. Brown Sunday.

Mrs. McWeeney and Miss Emily Mc Weeney are visiting at the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Quinfield.

The Fox Lake Cemetery Association will meet with Mrs. Walter Atwell, Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 21. Everybody cordially invited to come.

The F. L. C. A. will give an ice cream social at the home of Sidney Carfield, Friday evening, Aug. 23. Ice cream and cake will be served for 15 cents. The ladies will have for sale a number of useful articles such as aprons, dusting caps, holders, etc.

(From Another Correspondent.)

Mrs. W. Shultis is much better.

Ed Brown visited Grayslake, Tuesday.

Mr. Henry Simes was a Fox Lake caller Saturday.

The well-diggers are kept busy this dry weather.

Mrs. Wm. Simes is visiting her mother, Mrs. Wm. Nelson.

Miss Catherine Nelson, of Antioch, is at Mrs. Wm. Nelson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Hook are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter.

H. Nelson has been very sick, but is improving under Dr. Shaffer's treatment.

Mrs. C. Glosser and children, of Chicago, are visiting Fox Lake friends and relatives.

Mrs. M. Weber and Mrs. M. Triend, of Dighton, were Fox Lake callers, Monday.

Threshing is nearly done. The yield in this vicinity is not so great as to make the farmers feel very rich.

On Friday evening, Aug. 23, there will be an Ice Cream Social and Bazar at the home of Mrs. Sidney Carfield. Proceeds to be used for the benefit of the Fox Lake Cemetery. Aprons, sunbonnets and other useful articles will be for sale there. Come ladies and gents and buy yourself an apron or a sunbonnet. They are all right with the shirt-waist.

VOLO.

Mrs. Rosing visited relatives in Kenosha last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. E. J. Towe returned to her home in Chicago the first of the week.

Mrs. Graham, of Ravenswood, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Wait.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Raught were Waukegan visitors the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Just and Mrs. Sheppard, of Waukegan, spent last Friday with the Mrs. Raughts.

Cool, pleasant weather the past week. Corn is looking fine and farmers are hopeful for a fair crop.

Prof. Robt. Fulton, wife and baby, of Waukegan, are spending a week or two at Raught brothers.

The W. C. T. U. Social at Fort Hill last Friday evening was a perfect success. Mrs. Just, the county President and Mrs. Sheppard, the county Organizer and Superintendent of contest work, were present. Mrs. Just gave a fine talk in the interest of the W. C. T. U. Rev. Dutton gave a stirring address. Mr. Chapen, of Chicago, also gave a very interesting talk. The young ladies sang some beautiful songs. The song, "The Drunkard's Lone Child," was sung by two little girls, which was very effecting. After the program ice cream was served to the large and appreciative company. The social time of all present will not soon be forgotten. A number of new members joined the Sheppard union. The ladies are pleased with their first attempt in giving a temperence social. Many thanks to those who helped to make it a success.

Daily Excursions to Buffalo and New York,

via Nickel Plate Road. Through trains to New York City without change. Vestibuled sleepers Chicago to Boston: Dining cars on all trains. Meals served on American club plan, at from 35 cents to $1.00. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars.

P. T. Thomas, Sumpterville, Ala.: "I was suffering from dyspepsia when I commenced taking Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I took several bottles and can digest anything. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the only preparation containing all the natural digestive fluids. It gives weak stomachs entire rest, restoring their natural condition. W. T. Hill.

NOT LIKE OTHER MEN

By Frederic Van Rensselaer Dey,
Author of "The Brotherhood of Silence," "The Quality of a Sin," Etc.

Copyright, 1901, by Frederic Van Rensselaer Dey.

It was given her, and she read it through to the end, finding no more and no less than Craig had told her. But when she returned it to him she said:

"It is my wish, Craig, that you should all go away and leave me here alone for a time. I do not even want you to write to this lawyer until I give you permission to do so."

Thompson shook his head in a decided negative, but the calm, clear voice went on unheedingly.

"It must be so, Craig, whether you approve of it or not. I will have it so. I wish to be left here utterly alone until I send for you to come, and I command that you do not communicate with the lawyer in the east until I tell you to do so."

"It's all nonsense, Lisle. Don't you see that it is?"

"No, and it would make no difference if I did."

"Well, let me stay here with you anyway."

"No."

"Keep Erna Thomas with you, then."

"No."

"Let us both stay, or, if you don't want me, I can prevail upon Tom to remain with his daughter."

"No, Craig, no. If I permitted anybody to remain, it would be you, but I must be alone. I will be alone."

"I'll ride over to see you once in the while anyway."

"No, not at all unless I send for you."

"You're a headstrong critter if you are a gal, Lisle."

"Perhaps so. I do not mean to be unkind, Craig. There is nobody in the world in whom I have as much confidence as I have in you, but even you must leave me alone for awhile. I have learned that leopards can change their spots, but they cannot change them all at once."

"Humph! What are you up to anyhow?"

"I do not know—yet."

"You won't go away? You'll stay here on the ranch, won't you?"

"I will do nothing of which you will not ultimately approve."

"Promise me that you won't go away," persisted Craig, who was in despair. For almost the first time in his life he found himself in the presence of a person whose will was stronger than his own. Instead of dominating, as he had expected to do, he was dominated.

"I will make you one promise and only one," replied Lisle calmly. "With that one you will have to be satisfied, or I will end the discussion here. I will, at the end of two months from now, go to you or send for you on condition that during that time you will make no effort to see me or to send a messenger to me. It must be as I have said. Tomorrow morning you will take our friends to your ranch, leaving me here as if nothing had happened. At the end of two months, if not before, you will hear from me or see me—two months from today."

"Well, Lisle, it's got to be done, I suppose, but I call it blamed unkind. I'll have a fit that'll last two solid months, you see, and God knows how many dead men you'll have to answer for in that time, for I'll have to shoot somebody just to let off steam, and if you are so anxious to get rid of us we can start tonight; there'll be a moon."

He turned to leave the room, and Lisle's brows contracted with pain. She sprang to his side and detained him with a gesture that was more nearly feminine than anything she had ever done.

"Don't leave me in anger, Craig," she said. "You promised out there on the plain to be father and mother to me. I never needed you so much as I need you now, but for the present, until I have learned to know myself, you must remain at a distance. I do not know why I feel that it must be so, but I do, and it must be, even if you are angry. You won't go away before morning, Craig?"

"No."

He left her alone then; not in anger, but in something that so closely resembled it in outward appearance that any other than Lisle would have been deceived, but there was a smile upon her face, for she knew that she had conquered where she had feared defeat. Her plans were thoroughly mapped out, and the only impediment to their fruition had ceased to exist.

"Erna," she said later, when they were alone in their room together, "I want to ask you some strange questions."

"For goodness sake, don't ask them, if they are any stranger than the ones you asked me the night of my arrival. I do not know now how I stood up under them, thinking that you were a man. But, then, you were not like other men even then. What have you got on your mind now?"

"How do you get your clothes?"

"Eh? Papa gets them for me—that is, he pays for them."

"I mean where do you get them?"

"At the dressmaker's, of course."

"Do they cost much?"

"Ask papa. He says they cost a fortune."

"What is a dressmaker?"

"Why, a dressmaker is a woman who makes dresses and things. You have to go to the stores and do your shopping, you know, and it's great fun. Then you take what you have bought to your dressmaker, and she cuts and fits and makes. There are men dressmakers, too, but I prefer a woman."

"Dressmakers live in cities, do they not?"

"Certainly. You'll find them everywhere where women live, but you must be sure to get a good one. Heavens, what a figure you have got to fit! It's just perfect. Mrs. Gusset would go wild over it. But if I were you I wouldn't worry about dresses. I've got a plan in my head for you."

"What is it, Erna?"

"I'll take your waist and bust measure, and so forth, and when I get back to Kansas City I'll have something made up that will do. I'll send the things on, and then you come to me. They'll do to travel in, you know, and when you get to Kansas City I'll put you in the hands of Mrs. Gusset, and she'll fix you out in no time."

"Very well, Erna," replied Lisle, with a sigh. "I will write to you when I am ready."

In the morning Lisle bade her new friends goodby. Mounted on her favorite horse, she rode part of the distance with them, and after they separated she sat upon her horse, shading her eyes with her hands and watching them for a long time. At last she wheeled her horse and dashed back again toward her own home, and for the first time in her life she felt utterly alone.

The following day, alone, she rode away from the ranch.

CHAPTER XV.

PROUD TO BE A WOMAN.

CRAIG THOMPSON went away with a heavy heart, but his faith in Lisle was infinite, and deep down in his own mind he knew that she was right. He was a firm adherent to the principle that personal perplexities are best fought out in solitude, and in reality he admired Lisle for her determination and upheld her in it.

While Mr. Thomas and his daughter remained with him he was content to let things go on as they were, but when the week of their stay came to an end and they had departed he soon became moody, a condition which always immediately preceded one of his fits. Just before the guests left him Erna besought him to ride or send over to Crescent and Cross for information concerning Lisle, but the old frontiersman was obdurate.

"Twon't do," he said gruffly. "When Lisle wants me, she'll send for me, and I agreed not to bother her until she did. She's got sand, Lisle has, and it won't do to cross her in the mood she's in just now. She wouldn't stand it. She'd take the bit in her teeth and get to buck jumping so's she'd throw the whole gang of us. You and your pop mosey right along to Kansas City and say nothing, and when Lisle has her stampede out she'll quiet down and go to feeding all quiet and serene. After that I'll take her to Kansas City to see you, and then we can fix her up and regulate matters."

Nevertheless his restlessness increased as the days passed. The one week swelled itself into two, and the two lengthened into three and then four, and Craig developed a habit of riding off alone on the plains and being absent all day. At such times he inevitably rode in the direction of Lisle's ranch to a spot that was situated a little more than half way between the two places and sufficiently high so that from it he could with the aid of his binoculars quite plainly see upon the veranda of the ranch house where he believed Lisle was still engaged in "fighting it out." He used to dismount from his horse, turn him broadside toward the ranch, and, resting his arms upon the saddle, study for an hour at a time every moving object that came into his range of vision. Sometimes he thought he recognized the figure of Lisle, and during the ensuing 24 hours there was always an appreciable lifting of the cloud that rested upon him. But he never went farther than that particular point, and he never permitted one of his men to do so.

"If I don't keep my word with her now, she'll never trust me again as long as I live," was his mental comment whenever the inclination to obtain information on the sly proved almost too strong for him. But he became more and more morose as the weeks passed, hoping all the time that she would not permit the entire two months to come to an end before she communicated with him, but at last, when only two weeks remained until the time would be up, he began to count the days, convinced that he would neither hear from nor see her until the expiration of the time.

When the morning of the great day arrived, he was up with the sun, his moroseness had vanished, and Craig Thompson was himself again. He possessed implicit faith that Lisle would keep her word, and he felt as certain that he would have news of her or see her before the sun set as he was that he would live until that hour. That day he did not ride out, as usual, but he roamed restlessly about the place and, much to the astonishment of his men, whistled gayly while he "inspected things."

As the day advanced and began to decline he became uneasy, and at last, when the sun glowed like a ball of fire in the west preparatory to hiding itself behind the Sierras, he began to talk to himself, swearing under his breath in a manner which, if he had uttered the words aloud, would have horrified the most accustomed ears.

The sun dropped out of sight, and still there was no sign of Lisle.

"The day won't be up till midnight," muttered Craig. "I'll wait till then, but not a minute longer. When the clock strikes 12, I'm going to light out for Crescent and Cross."

When evening fell and darkness settled upon the earth, he did not go inside, as was his custom. He brought an easy chair out upon the porch and settled himself in its depths to wait, straining his ears to catch the slightest sound that would announce the approach of a stranger, and at last, when the hour was considerably past 9, he bounded to his feet with sudden interest, for his practiced ear had detected the unmistakable footfall of a galloping horse. In a moment more the rider came into view and presently drew rein immediately in front of the waiting man.

"Is this Thompson's ranch?" he inquired.

"You bet it is," was the quick response.

"I want Craig Thompson."

"That's me, stranger."

"All right. I've got a message for you. I was instructed to deliver it before sundown, but my horse went lame, and I had to fool around half a day before I could get another."

He handed over a sealed envelope while speaking, and then he leaped to the ground.

"Turn your mount into the corral," said Craig, taking the letter in his hand. "You'll find it over there." And



He handed over a sealed envelope while speaking.

he vaguely indicated the direction in which it was located. "When you get back, I'll look up some grub for you."

The messenger led his horse away, and Craig stepped through the door into a lighted room. He studied the direction on the envelope a moment or two and then gingerly broke the seal. Then, while he read the contents of the short message, his eyes opened wider and wider, and at last he uttered a long, low whistle.

The missive was written in Lisle's hand upon stationery of the Palace hotel, San Francisco, and was as follows:

Dear Craig—You will be surprised to learn that I left Crescent and Cross the day following your departure and came directly here. Since then I have been very much occupied, as you may suppose. I shall leave here tomorrow for the city of New York and will establish myself at the Holland House, where I will await your coming, for I know that you will come. You may travel at your leisure, as there is no need for haste. Then after we have met and discussed things a little we will call together upon my father's lawyer. You will find me arrayed in feminine attire, but I will offer no further explanations here.

LISLE MAXWELL.

The look of perplexity upon Craig's face deepened, but it was softened by a tender smile, which somehow wonderfully transformed it.

"Grit! Clear grit!" he muttered. "She's a rustler! Lisle, I'm proud of you! And all the time I was jackass enough to suppose that you were a-moping all alone within 30 miles of where I was a-sitting and a-waiting for you to yell 'Tally-ho-o-o!'" He turned abruptly and strode to the door just as the messenger who had cared for his horse was on the point of entering it.

"How far did you come with that letter?" he demanded.

"From San Francisco," was the quiet reply.

"What! Did you bring it clear from there?"

"Yes. Those were my instructions. I came by rail as far as Reno, and from there I've made the trip on horseback, by way of Belmont—a roundabout way, but the best traveling. I was born there and know the country thoroughly. I used to know you when I was a boy."

"Shake! You're all right! Now I'll find you something to eat."

* * * * * * *

One week later Craig Thompson arrived in New York, and it is doubtful if his familiars in Nevada would have known him had any of them chanced to encounter him on the street. All the roughness had disappeared. His unkempt beard was gone. His mustache had been trimmed and trained, his hair was shorn, and his costume was all that the most fastidious city bred man could desire. But the strangeness of it all was in the fact that the alterations seemed entirely familiar to him, and he was as thoroughly at ease as if he had lived all his life in the sphere to which he had been born.

"Home!" he said aloud as he stepped from the train to the platform. "Home again after all these years, after having sworn that I would never again put my feet upon the pavements of New York! Twenty-five years since I left home and lost myself on the Nevada plains and among the mines in the Sierras! Eighteen years, or nearly that, since I came back for that one flying visit—arrived in the evening and left in the early morning, bitterly sorry that I came, more than ever determined never to return—and here I am!"

He signaled to a cab, entered it and was taken to the Holland House, where he knew that he would find the object of his journey, and an hour later he rose from the couch where he had awaited the return of the boy who had taken his card to Miss Maxwell—rose to meet a tall, faultlessly clad figure that entered the room, a figure which rapidly approached him, which had Lisle's face, which looked upon him out of Lisle's eyes, which spoke to him in Lisle's voice of rich contralto, but which in no other way resembled the young friend from whom he had parted on the plains of Nevada.

"Craig!" she said and hesitated. Her surprise was as great as his, for the

(TO BE CONTINUED)

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED.

At Panama, Columbia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Utter, a prominent physician, of Panama, Columbia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a very bad attack of dysentary. Every thing I perscribed for her proved ineffectual, and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week she was entirely well." For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Grayslake Pharmacy.

Rooms in the Vatican.

The Vatican, the largest palace in the world, will soon receive another addition to its bulk, which will bring up the number of its rooms to 12,000. The Pope has decided to erect three new buildings. One, containing 800 rooms, will be used to house the pilgrims coming to Rome, while the other two, which will be much smaller, will be added to the Vatican Museum. In the last mentioned buildings will be placed all the artistic offerings that Leo XIII. has received during his Pontificate.

Their Secret Is Out.

All Sadieville, Ky., was curious to learn the case of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whittaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little grand-daughter of a severe attack of Whooping Cough" It positively cures Coughs, Colds, LaGrip, Bronchitis, all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at Hill's drug store.

Gen. G. F. McGinnis.

Gen. George Francis McGinnis was born in Boston in 1826; he served as captain of Ohio Volunteers in the Mexican war, and in the rebellion as lieutenant-colonel and colonel of the Eleventh Indiana infantry. He fought at Fort Donelson, was promoted brigadier-general in November, 1862, and was mustered out in August, 1865. He lived in Indiana after the war; but we find nothing of or about him for many years.—New York Sun.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettaville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles she is entirely well; can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Hill's.

Pierpont Morgan's Rug.

J. Pierpont Morgan has purchased abroad a Persian rug, probably the rarest of its kind in existence, for which he paid $25,000. The rug measures 10 feet 6 inches by 19 feet, made of Persian silk in Tabriz, Persia, and was woven by Mohammedan friars 150 years ago for a shah. The time required to weave the rug was sixteen years.—New York Times.

What A Tale It Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble, but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Hill's drug store.

O. O. Buck, Beirne, Ark., says: "I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Since then have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them." W. T. Hill

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complaint must the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Risers will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. W. T. Hill.

Are you running for office this year?

No, you durn fool; I'm running to Hill's drug store for a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to cure this Indigestion.

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The Doctor's Dilemma

By Hesba Stretton

CHAPTER XV.—(Continued.)

That brought to my mind what I had almost forgotten—the woman whom my imprudent curiosity had brought into pursuit of her. I felt ready to curse my folly aloud, as I did in my heart, for having gone to Messrs. Scott and Brown.

"Olivia," I said, "there is a woman in Guernsey who has some clue to you——"

But I could say no more, for I thought she would have fallen to the ground in her terror. I drew her hand through my arm and hastened to reassure her.

"No harm can come to you," I continued, "whilst Tardif and I are here to protect you. Do not frighten yourself; we will defend you from every danger."

"Martin," she whispered—and the pleasant familiarity of my name spoken by her gave me a sharp pang, almost of gladness—"no one can help me or defend me. The law would compel me to go back to him. A woman's heart may be broken without the law being broken. I could prove nothing that would give me a right to be free—nothing. So I took it into my own hands. I tell you I would rather have been drowned this afternoon. Why did you save me?"

I did not answer, except by pressing her hand against my side. I hurried her on silently towards the cottage. She was shivering in her cold, wet dress, and trembling with fear. It was plain to me that even her fine health should not be trifled with, and I loved her too tenderly, her poor, shivering, trembling frame, to let her suffer if I could help it. When we reached the foldyard gate, I stopped her for a moment to speak only a few words.

"Go in," I said, "and change every one of your wet clothes. I will see you again, once again, when we can talk with one another calmly. God bless and take care of you, my darling!"

She smiled faintly, and laid her hand in mine.

"You forgive me?" she said.

"Forgive you!" I repeated, kissing the small brown hand lingeringly; "I have nothing to forgive."

She went on across the little fold. Then I made my way, blind and deaf, to the edge of the cliff, seeing nothing, hearing nothing. I flung myself down on the turf, with my face to the ground, to hide my eyes from the staring light of the summer sun.

Married? That was what she had said. It shut out all hope for the future. She must have been a mere child four years ago; she looked very young and girlish still. And her husband treated her ill—my Olivia, for whom I had given up all I had to give. She said the law would compel her to return to him, and I could do nothing. I could not interfere even to save her from a life which was worse to her than death.

My heart was caught in a vice, and there was no escape from the torture of its relentless grip. Whichever way I looked there was sorrow and despair. I wished, with a faint-heartedness I had never felt before, that Olivia and I had indeed perished together down in the caves where the tide was now sweeping below me.

"Martin!" said a clear, low, tender tone in my ear, which could never be deaf to that voice. I looked up at Olivia without moving. My head was at her feet, and I laid my hand upon the hem of her dress.

"Martin," she said again, "see, I have brought you Tardif's coat in place of your own. You must not lie here in this way. Captain Carey's yacht is waiting for you below."

I staggered giddily when I stood on my feet, and only Olivia's look of pain steadied me. She had been weeping bitterly. I could not trust myself to look in her face again. Tardif was standing behind her, regarding us both with great concern.

"Doctor," he said, "when I came in from my lobster-pots, the captain sent a message by me to say the sun would be gone down before you reach Guernsey. He has come round to the Havre Gosselin. I'll walk down the cliff with you."

"Take care of mam'zelle," I said, when we had reached the top of the ladder, and the little boat from the yacht was dancing at the foot of it. "There is some danger ahead, and you can protect her better than I."

"Yes, yes," he replied; "you may trust her with me. But God knows I should have been glad if it had gone well with you."

CHAPTER XVI.

My mother passed a restless and agitated night, and I, who sat up with her, was compelled to listen to all her lamentations. But towards the morning she fell into a heavy sleep, likely to last for some hours. I could leave her in perfect security; and at an early hour I went down to Julia's house, strung up to bear the worst, and intending to have it all out with her, and put her on her guard before she paid her daily visit to our house. She must have some hours for her excitement and rejoicing to bubble over, before she came to talk about it to my mother.

"I wish to see Miss Dobree," I said to the girl who quickly answered my noisy peal of the house bell.

"Please, sir," was her reply, "she and Miss Daltrey are gone to Sark with Captain Carey."

"Gone to Sark!" I repeated in utter amazement.

"Yes, Dr. Martin. They started quite early because of the tide, and Captain Carey's man brought the carriage to take them to St. Sampson's. I don't look for them back before evening."

"When did they make up their minds to go to Sark?" I inquired anxiously.

"Only late last night, sir," she answered.

Why were Julia and Kate Daltrey gone to Sark? What could they have to do with Olivia? It made me almost wild with anger to think of them finding Olivia, and talking to her perhaps of me and my love—questioning her, arguing with her, tormenting her! The bare thought of those two badgering my Olivia was enough to drive me frantic.

In the cool twilight, Julia and Kate Daltrey were announced. I was about to withdraw from my mother's room, in conformity with the etiquette established amongst us, when Julia recalled me in a gentler voice than she had used towards me since the day of my fatal confession.

"Stay, Martin," she said; "what we have to tell concerns you more than any one."

I sat down again by my mother's sofa, and she took my hand between both her own, fondling it in the dusk.

"It is about Olivia," I said in as cool a tone as I could command.

"Yes," answered Julia; "we have seen her, and we have found out why she has refused you. She is married already."

"She told me so yesterday," I replied.

"Told you so yesterday!" repeated Julia in an accent of chagrin. "If we had only known that we might have saved ourselves the passage across to Sark."

"My dear Julia," exclaimed my mother, feverishly, "do tell us all about it, and begin at the beginning."

There was nothing Julia liked so much, or could do so well, as to give a circumstantial account of anything she had done. She could relate minute details with so much accuracy that when one was lazy or unoccupied it was pleasant to listen. My mother enjoled, with all the delight of a woman, the small touches by which Julia embellished her sketches. I resigned myself to hearing a long history, when I was burning to ask one or two questions and have done with the topic.

"To begin at the beginning, then," said Julia, "dear Captain Carey came into town very late last night to talk to us about Martin, and how the girl in Sark had refused him. I was very much astonished, very much indeed! Captain Carey said that he and dear Johanna had come to the conclusion that the girl felt some delicacy, perhaps, because of Martin's engagement to me. We talked it over as friends, and thought of you, dear aunt, and your grief and disappointment, till all at once I made up my mind in a moment. 'I will go over to Sark and see the girl myself,' I said. 'Will you?' said Captain Carey. 'Oh, no, Julia, it will be too much for you.' 'It would have been a few weeks ago,' I said; 'but now I could do anything to give aunt Dobree a moment's happiness.'"

"Heaven bless you, Julia," I interrupted, going across to her and kissing her cheek impetuously.

"There, don't stop me, Martin," she said earnestly. "So it was arranged offhand that Captain Carey should send for us to St. Sampson's this morning, and take us over to Sar. We had a splendid passage. Kate was in raptures with the landing place, and the lovely lane leading up into the island. We turned down the nearest way to Tardif's. Well, you know that brown pool in the lane leading to the Hnvre Gosselin? Just there, where there are some low, weather-beaten trees meeting overhead and making a long green aisle, we saw all in a moment a slim, erect, very young-looking girl coming towards us. I knew in an instant that it was Miss Ollivier."

She paused for a minute. How plainly I could see the picture! The arching trees, and the sunbeams playing fondly with her shining golden hair! I held my breath to listen.

"What completely startled me," said Julia, "was that Kate suddenly darted forward and ran to meet her, crying, 'Olivia!'"

"How does she know her?" I exclaimed.

"Hush, Martin! Don't interrupt me. The girl went so deadly pale, I thought she was going to faint, but she did not. She stood for a minute looking at us, and then she burst into the most dreadful fit of crying! I have always thought her name was Ollivier, and so did Kate. 'For pity's sake,' said the girl, 'if you have any pity, leave me here in peace—do not betray me.'

"But what does it all mean?" asked my mother, whilst I paced to and fro in the dim room, scarcely able to control my impatience, yet afraid to question Julia too eagerly.

"I can tell you," said Kate Daltrey in her cold, deliberate tones; "she is the wife of my half-brother, Richard Foster, who married her more than four years ago in Melbourne; and she ran away from him last October, and has not been heard of since."

"Then you know her whole history," I said, approaching her and pausing before her. "Are you at liberty to tell it to us?"

"Certainly," she answered; "it is no secret. Her father was a wealthy colonist, and he died when she was fifteen, leaving her in the charge of her stepmother, Richard Foster's aunt. The match was one of the stepmother's making, for Olivia was little better than a child. Richard was glad enough to get her income. One-third of it was settled upon her absolutely. Richard was looking forward eagerly to her being one-and-twenty, for he had made ducks and drakes of his own property, and tried to do the same with mine. He would have done so with his wife's; but a few weeks before Olivia's twenty-first birthday she disappeared mysteriously. There her fortune lies, and Richard has no more power than I have to touch it. He cannot even claim the money lying in the Bank of Australia, which has been remitted by her trustees; nor can Olivia claim it without making herself known to him. It is accumulating there, while both of them are on the verge of poverty."

"But he must have been very cruel to her before she would run away!" said my mother in a pitiful voice.

"Cruel!" repeated Kate Daltrey. "Well, there are many kinds of cruelty. I do not suppose Richard would ever transgress the limits of the law. But Olivia was one of those girls who can suffer great torture—mental torture I mean. Even I could not live in the same house with Richard, and she was a dreamy, sensitive, romantic child, with as much knowledge of the world as a baby. I was astonished to hear she had had daring enough to leave him."

"But there must be some protection for her from the law," I said, thinking of the bold, coarse woman, no doubt his associate, who was in pursuit of Olivia. "She might sue for a judicial separation, at the least, if not a divorce."

"I am quite sure nothing could be brought against him in a court of law," she answered. "He is very wary and cunning, and knows very well what he may do and what he may not do. A few months before Olivia's flight, he introduced a woman as her companion. He calls her his cousin. Since I saw her this morning I have been thinking of her position in every light, and I really do not see anything she could have done, except running away as she did, or making up her mind to be deaf and blind and dumb."

"But could he not be induced to leave her in peace if she gave up a portion of her property?" I asked.

"Why should he?" she retorted. "If she was in his hands the whole of the property would be his. He will never release her—never. No, her only chance is to hide herself from him. The law cannot deal with wrongs like hers, because they are as light as air apparently, though they are as all-pervading as air is, and as poisonous as air can be. They are like choke-damp, only not quite fatal. He is as crafty and cunning as a serpent. He could prove himself the kindest, most considerate of husbands, and Olivia next thing to an idiot. Oh, it is ridiculous to think of pitting a girl like her against him!"

"But what can be done for her?" I asked vehemently and passionately. "My poor Olivia! what can I do to protect her?"

"Nothing!" replied Kate Daltrey, coldly. "Her only chance is concealment, and what a poor chance that is! I went over to Sark, never thinking that your Miss Ollivier whom I had heard so much of was Olivia Foster. It is an out-of-the-world place; but so much the more readily they will find her, if they once get a clue. A hare is soon caught when it cannot double; and how could Olivia escape if they only traced her to Sark?"

My dread of the woman into whose hands my imbecile curiosity had put the clue was growing greater every minute. It seemed as if Olivia could not be safe now, day or night; yet what protection could I or Tardif give to her?

"You will not betray her?" I said to Kate Daltrey, though feeling all the time that I could not trust her in the smallest degree.

"I have promised dear Julia that," she answered.

It became my duty to keep a strict watch over the woman who had come to Guernsey to find Olivia. If possible I must decoy her away from the lowly nest where my helpless bird was sheltered. She had not sent for me again, but I called upon her the next morning professionally, and stayed some time talking with her. But nothing resulted from the visit beyond the assurance that she had not yet made any progress towards the discovery of my secret.

Neither did I feel quite safe about Kate Daltrey. She gave me the impression of being as crafty and cunning as she described her half-brother. Did she know this woman by sight? That was a question I could not answer. There was another question hanging upon it. If she saw her, would she not in some way contrive to give her a sufficient hint, without positively breaking her promise to Julia? Kate Daltrey's name did not appear in the newspapers among the list of visitors, as she was staying in a private house; but she and this woman might meet any day in the streets or on the pier.

I had to cross over to Sark the next week, alone and independent of Captain Carey. The time passed heavily, and on the following Monday I went on board the steamer. I had not been on deck two minutes when I saw my patient step on after me. The last clue was in her fingers now, that was evident.

She did not see me at first; but her air was exultant and satisfied. There was no face on board so elated and flushed. I kept out of her way as long as I could without consigning myself to the black hole of the cabin; but at last she caught sight of me, and came down to the forecastle to claim me as an acquaintance.

"Ha, ha! Dr. Dobree!" she exclaimed; "so you are going to visit Sark, too?"

"Yes," I answered more curtly than courteously.

(To be continued.)



"PERHAPS YOU WILL FEEL MELANCHOLY BY-AND-BY."

A Horrid Mean Thing.

They sat in a swing, half-hidden by the fragrant shrubbery of an east end lawn. She was trying to make him jealous, which he had penetration enough, to desery and experience enough with her sex to remain provokingly calm.

All the rapturous adjectives of her high-school vocabulary were pressed into praise of a rival, says the Memphis Scimitar.

"He is just the most perfectly lovely man I ever met," she fervently declaimed, clasping her hands above her heart and lifting her lustrous orbs moonward.

"He must be a bird," he suggested nonchalantly.

"Such adorable eyes; such a low, musical voice, as full of soul as the murmur of a meadow brook. And, oh! he sings divinely."

"Sorry I never met your friend," he said in a tone irritatingly practical, accompanied with a yawn artistically audible.

"Oh, I do so want you to meet him. I know you will like him. He is fond of poetry and music, and he drives the loveliest horses——"

"Eh! Whom does he drive for?"

And a few minutes later the swing swung emptily.

Much Abbreviated.

A customer from one of the suburbs dropped into a paint shop, took a slip of paper from his pocket, looked at it, knitted his brows, shook his head, put on his glasses, inspected the paper again, and gave it up as a bad job.

"I made a hasty memorandum," he said to the proprietor of the shop, "of something I was to call here and buy, but I trusted too much to my memory. I seem to have jotted down nothing but the initials, and I've forgotten what they mean."

"Let me see the memorandum," said the proprietor. "It may be that I can help you."

"It's nothing but three letters," replied the customer, handing it over. "Only 'C. P. A.'"

"So I see. 'C. P. A.' Why, that's sepia, a kind of brown paint. Wasn't that it?"

"What a fool I am! Of course it was."

He got his sepia, threw a big red apple on the counter in lieu of "hush money," and went away with a sheepish look on his face.

The Anthem Again.

The "Messiah" was sung recently in Philadelphia, and one of the anthems rendered by the chorus had as its theme, "We have turned every one to his own way." As anthems go, this sounded somewhat as follows: "We have turned, turned turned—we have turned, yes, we have—we have turned every one, every one to his own way, own way—every one to his own way." The anthem involved several pages of music, and every time the chorus sang "we have turned, turned, turned," they proceeded to turn over to the next page, and then burst out again with "we have turned, turned!" A certain plain citizen, rather elderly, who sat well in the rear, not appreciating the delicate sentiment, was heard to mutter, disgustedly, "Well, when you get through turnin', turnin' them golderned pages, suppose you shet up about it!"—Harper's Magazine.

Why Locomotives Are Numbered.

A prominent railroad man tells me that the old custom of naming engines instead of numbering them was done away with because there was such a pressure brought to bear in favor of this, that and the other locality. The various influences used became so annoying to the officials that they decided to adopt the plan of numbering the locomotives, which was done. A similar nuisance exists at Washington in the Navy Department. Probably during the late war Secretary Long was pestered more with people who wanted vessels named in honor of somebody or something than he was with all the other questions which came before him put together.—Boston Record.

Writer and Reader.

A good and perhaps an old story comes from the Persian. A man went to a professional scribe, and asked him to write a letter.

"I cannot," said the scribe. "I have a pain in my foot."

"A pain in your foot? What has that to do with it? I don't want to send you anywhere."

"No, sir," said the man, "but whenever I write a letter for any one, I am always sent for to read it, because no one else can make it out."

Telephone Speed.

Where the telephone wires are overland the speed of transmission is at the rate of 16,000 miles a second; where the wires are through cables under the sea, the speed is not more than 6,020 miles a second.

If the cook breaks only one dish a week, it is on Sunday, when the man of the house is home to hear the crash, and grumble about it.

CORN CROP HAS FALLEN 800,000,000 BUSHELS.

Comparison of the yield indicated by government reports for July 1 and Aug. 1 and the returns to the New York Herald for Aug. 10.

	Crop Indicated—		
	July 1,1901.	Aug. 1, 1901.	Aug. 10,1901.
Ohio	86,700,000	77,007,600	57,708,752
Indiana	123,760,000	83,012,100	53,400,002
Illinois	253,583,600	142,740,000	110,558,370
Iowa	277,070,800	178,450,800	163,240,426
Missouri	134,718,000	56,200,200	50,522,000
Kansas	139,305,000	38,724,000	43,447,456
Nebraska	217,040,000	89,131,050	79,339,878
Total (seven States)	1,235,152,400	666,070,450	548,517,873
All others	707,194,000	614,231,150	554,706,027
Total	1,942,347,000	1,280,307,600	1,103,223,900

CORN CROP'S ENORMOUS LOSS.

Government Report Shows a Decline of 27.3 Points.

Instead of being reassuring, the government report of the condition of the corn crop on Aug. 1 is startling in its demonstration of the blighting effect of July's rainless skies upon growing grain. Where an average corn crop means a yield in the neighborhood of 2,000,000 bushels, while the big yield of 1896 was 2,283,845,165, the government's statement compiled from the reports of 12,000 correspondents indicates a total crop this year of only 1,290,977,000 bushels. This is a shrinake og over 650,000,000 from the estimates made July 1, 1901.

For the States in the great corn belt the loss is shown in the following table of acreage and estimated yield compared with the yield in 1900:

	Acreage, July 1, 1901.	Estimated, yield, 1901, in bu.	Yield, 1900. in bu.
Ohio	2,010,000	55,380,000	106,800,188
Indiana	3,851,000	65,310,000	133,200,806
Illinois	7,283,000	107,618,000	264,176,226
Iowa	8,370,000	138,356,000	305,650,248
Missouri	6,325,000	53,193,000	180,710,404
Kansas	3,011,000	44,141,000	163,870,630
Nebraska	8,013,000	83,646,000	210,430,004

The effect of the July drought was also felt by other cereals.

A comparison of the crop promise July 1 with the prospect Aug. 1, thirty days later, as told in the percentages of the Washington document, discloses why the West has been buying the coarse grain with such a frenzy for four weeks, and why the corn and oats prices are up almost 50 per cent in that time:

	Aug. 1, bu.	July 1, bu.
Corn	1,300,000,000	2,000,000,000
Oats	660,000,000	984,000,000
Spring wheat	230,000,000	276,000,000

The loss on potatoes means a great deal, the condition being only 62.3, compared with 88 last year. It means about 160,000,000 bushels, against 210,000,000 bushels last year.

The advance in prices has offset these crop losses so far as the entire farming community is concerned. It is an economic fact that farmers as a whole get more in the aggregate for their short crops than for their big ones, but the benefit of this advance is unevenly distributed. Some interests get no benefit from the advanced prices. The railroads lose their tonnage and do not benefit. They get just so much less to handle. The following shows the advances in prices on corn and oats since the middle of June before the drought began:

	June 13	Aug. 10.
Corn (December)	40	60
Oats (May)	28¼	38⅞
Potatoes	60	$1.40

Under the pressure of the extremely pessimistic report of the government of the condition of crops throughout the country markets on the Chicago Board of Trade Monday experienced a startlingly excited opening and prices went soaring upward. Wheat for September delivery took a jump of 2 cents during the first few minutes because of the alarming state of affairs acknowledged in the report, and corn was even stronger, showing a gain of 3 cents before the session was hardly well under way.

CRISPI'S LIFE ENDED.

Grand Old Man of Italy Passes Away at Naples.

Francesco Crispi, Italy's grand old man, died at Naples Sunday evening, surrounded by the members of his family and several intimate friends. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena were at once notified.

Francesco Crispi was born at Ribera, in Sicily, Oct. 4, 1819. He studied law at Palermo and became a member of the bar at Naples, where he took part in the conspiracies that led to the overthrow of the kingdom of the Two Sicilies in 1848. He was one of the chief promoters of the insurrection of Palermo, became a deputy and general secretary of war, and for two years was the heart and soul of the resistance offered by the Sicilian people. After the victory gained by the Swiss regiments, Crispi fled to France. In 1859-60 he organized the new Sicilian revolution, landed at Palermo with Garibaldi and his volunteers, and after fighting as a simple soldier became a minister, in which capacity he paved the way for the annexation of the Two Sicilies to the kingdom of Italy. In 1861 he was returned by the city of Palermo to the first Italian Parliament, in which he took a prominent and influential position, becoming in a short time the acknowledged leader of the constitutional opposition.

He was chosen as a deputy in 1876 and was promptly elected president of the chamber. He was placed at the head of the ministry in the following year and thereafter for nearly twenty years occupying a commanding place in direction of the governmental affairs.

Told in a Few Lines.

Colored railway porters deny that they will strike.

Miners in Senator Clark's copper mines, Jerome, A. T., are still out.

It is said that fourteen French warships are equipped with wireless telegraphy.

A private hospital for the treatment of consumption has been established in New York.

The Henry C. Frick Company is said to own four-fifths of the Pennsylvania coal fields.

Capt. Bird, St. Louis, is dead. He was a prominent figure in river circles during the Civil War.

Rear Admiral Kimberley has been excused from the Schley court of inquiry on account of ill health.

Three highwaymen robbed eleven harvest hands at Arkansas City, Kan., of $105 and seven watches.



Damages to crops and other unpromising features in the situation have caused less hesitation in general business than might naturally have been expected. It has been a matter of comment as indicating the soundness of conditions that the New York stock market and legitimate business have shown so little effect from the uncertainties in the outlook.

Many localities will be harmed this year as a result of the shortage in crops. The yield in everything but wheat will be so much shorter that the buying power of several States in the Southwest will be much reduced. Wheat has been raised in such abundance and the foreign market is so large that it will go far toward redeeming the position of the country as a whole. Investigation shows that old corn is being kept in some communities for a good price, and some of that will be shipped to the West for fodder.

A prolonged struggle with the steel strikers would mean the loss to American manufacturers of the European markets they have taken pains to develop, as their inability to furnish goods would present a desirable opportunity for English and German plants.

Troubles in small banks continue. In many that have failed since the banks with small capital became numerous, dishonesty in one form or another has been responsible. As a valuable adjunct to the crop-moving operations the small bank has already demonstrated its value. Less actual cash is required from the central cities. The small banks and their facilities supply the lack, and thus less disturbance is caused in financial centers.

Berlin is having more difficulties and failures are reported with great frequency. Other points in Europe are in healthful shape. Money rates are easy abroad. Indications are that the United States will make more shipments of gold to Europe, which will relieve the situation further. Money is low in New York as well as Chicago. Bank clearings maintain a good average gain throughout the country, and railroad earnings hold up well. This is the season of dullness in the stock market. Vacations are general and public interest in the market is at a lower ebb than has sometimes been the case at this time of the year.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Curiosities of the Heat Wave.

Although fluctuations in the weather in the temperate zone are a frequent cause of discomfort it is not often that, as in the case of the recent heat wave, excessive temperatures become a direct menace to life. The abnormal heat which recently prevailed over a large area of the country suddenly placed the people of a temperate climate under conditions actually, and not relatively, tropical.

Some idea of the hardship which the people of northern cities have to undergo in weather of this kind may be gained by comparing the ordinary temperatures in those places with that prevailing in the Southern cities, where the thermometer is commonly much higher, where the people are accustomed to heat and have formed habits which enable them to bear it without discomfort. In New Orleans, for instance, the thermometer showed an average of 78 degrees, with a maximum temperature of 92, while in New York the thermometer stood at 99. In Vicksburg the temperature was 90, in Memphis 92, in Atlanta 80, rising to 90, in Galveston 84, in Nashville 82 and in El Paso 74, with a maximum of 92. And while the tropical South, habituated to hot weather, was experiencing these comparatively reasonable temperatures it was well above 90 in a majority of the large cities of the North.

The numerous fatalities caused by such a visitation of hot weather may be ascribed to the fact that for a time the people of a temperate zone find themselves thrust into the conditions of the tropics—conditions for which they are never prepared. The residents of Manila, for instance, would have found New York's recent high temperature uncomfortable, but they would not have succumbed to it. That Northern seaboard cities should be subjected to such temperatures while those of the Gulf and South Atlantic coasts are in comparative comfort is only one of the anomalies of a climate which seems to require that its inhabitants be prepared to meet any degree of heat or cold which man can bear and live.—Chicago News.

New Labor Order Formed.

A new national labor order, intended to bring together all classes of mechanics, helpers and laborers in the navy yards and arsenals throughout the country has been organized at Washington, D. C. "The Navy Yard Employes' Protective Association" is the name chosen, but the words "arsenal" will be added when the arsenal employes are taken in.

Wilhelm Myerbach, correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt, has been arrested by the British for alleged espionage in behalf of the Boers.

BU[illegible]PYARDS IN JAPAN.

Yankee[illegible]e Orient Are Adding to Th[illegible]val Establishment.

The d[illegible]mination of Japan to become [illegible]ery sense a modern nation is in no li[illegible] of development made more plain tha[illegible] in the matter of shipyards. The Tokio shipyard, covering fully sixty acres, is reported as employing 3,000 men, who have all the latest machinery, including pneumatic riveters, and six steamers of 180,000 tons are on the stocks, two of them for the Nippon Yusen Kaishu. The fact that the works are equipped with electricity is a further indication of the progressive spirit now ruling.

The shipbuilding yard at Nagasaki is also going ahead, but special interest attaches to the new government steel works. Some 5,000,000 yens have already been spent, but 15,000,000 yens have been voted. The works are on the eastern shores of Kiushiu, the most southern of the large islands forming the empire, and are, therefore, contiguous to China. The establishment, which covers 230 acres, is close by the coal fields, connected with the railway, and a seaport having over twenty feet of water will be convenient for the shipping of the finished products to the northern islands, and also to China, which ultimately must become a large customer. The works are thoroughly equipped. In addition to blast furnaces, there are coke ovens, and in the steel department open-hearth Bessemer furnaces, with a full set of rolling mills for roughing, three bar mills, as well as rail, sheet and plate rolls. There are steel and iron foundries, boiler shops, laboratories, testing and other departments. The works will soon be put in operation, construction being far advanced.—The Manufacturer.

Nice Domestic Problem.

A lady was recently reading to her young son the story of a little fellow whose father was taken ill and died, after which he set himself diligently to work to assist in supporting himself and his mother. When she had finished the story she said:

"Now, Tommy, if pa were to die, wouldn't you work to keep mamma?"

"Why, no," said the little chap, not relishing the idea of work. "What for? Ain't we got a good house to live in?"

"Oh, yes, my dear," said the mother, "but we can't eat the house, you know."

"Well, ain't we got plenty of things in the pantry?" continued the young hopeful.

"Certainly, dear," replied the mother, "but they would not last long, and what then?"

"Well, ma," said the young incorrigible, after thinking a moment, "ain't there enough to last till you get another husband?"

Ma gave it up.—London Answers.

Jarred.

Prof. Beeswax—According to this cook book, you didn't make the omelet correctly.

Bridget—An' do th' book say anything about your not having paid me wages for three months?

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Why She Left.

"My wife didn't stay but a week down at her mother's."

"Homesick?"

"No; but her younger sisters admired our baby so much they nearly washed it to pieces."—Chicago Record-Herald.

His Prophecy.

She—Is that ice thick enough to support me?

Owner of the Pond—I don't know. I expect it to support me all next summer.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

Her Fate.

Mind Reader—You're in love with a man. He has light hair.

Bridget—No. He hez dark hair.

Mind Reader—Then he must have bleached it.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

Wordsworth's mother had a character as peculiar as that of her gifted son.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

Silk workers in Germany receive about $146 a year.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Nutrolactis

FOR NURSING MOTHERS.

It never injures either mother or child; it does good and nothing but good to both. Send for free circular giving clinical reports of physicians who have tested it. THE NUTROLACTIS CO., 18 East 17th St., New York.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

CROPS ARE IMPROVED

DROUGHT-STRICKEN TERRITORY HAS GENERALLY HAD RELIEF.

Some Sections Dry—States East of the Mississippi Still in Need of Rain—Corn in Illinois and Iowa Has Greatly Improved.

The weekly crop report, issued by the Department of Agriculture makes a general summary of crop conditions of the country for the last seven days as follows:

With more moderate temperatures and good rains over a large part of the drought-stricken area, the weather conditions of the week were the most favorable to agricultural interests in the States of the central valley that have prevailed since the latter part of June. In the States of the Missouri valley the severe and protracted drought has been largely relieved, but to the eastward of the Mississippi and north of Ohio river only partial relief has been afforded by insufficient showers, the drought conditions in the upper Ohio valley being more serious than at any previous time this season. The East Gulf and portions of the South Atlantic States and northeast and throughout the Pacific coast district for the week has proved generally favorable.

In the great corn States late corn, and, fortunately, a much larger proportion than usual of this year's crop was planted late, has experienced a general and in some cases a decided improvement, but the early corn has been practically ruined. In Kansas the cooler weather, with better distributed rains, decidedly improved conditions in the eastern and western divisions of the State and slightly benefited central portions, and in many of the eastern, western and south central counties late corn still promises from one-fourth to half a crop.

In Nebraska the improvement has been less marked and is confined largely to the northern and extreme eastern counties.

In Iowa the late planted is making a better showing, and under favorable conditions the balance of the season promises a considerable yield of sound grain; the extent of irreparable damage in this State cannot yet be estimated. In Missouri, where good local showers fell, except in portions of the southern section, late corn has been much improved, but elsewhere it continues to deteriorate.

In Illinois corn has greatly improved in the northern part of the State, but has deteriorated in parts of the central and southern portions. In a few favored districts of Northern Indiana corn is still promising, but elsewhere the upland and early planted is almost beyond recovery; with immediate rains about an average crop of lowland and late planted would be produced. Over the greater part of Ohio the condition of corn has been materially lowered, a portion of the crop in the southwest part of the State being past help; in northeastern Ohio its condition is more hopeful. In Tennessee, Kentucky and West Virginia the condition of corn has been materially reduced during the last week. In the Middle Atlantic States an excellent crop of corn is now partly assured.

The weather conditions in the spring wheat region have been favorable for harvesting, which is nearing completion in the southern districts. Some damage has resulted from hail in South Dakota, and the unfavorable effects of recent hot weather in North Dakota are becoming apparent. Some grain in the last mentioned State has been badly lodged. In Washington a splendid crop is promised, and in Oregon the yields are better than were expected. The oat harvest is mostly completed, and the yields are generally unsatisfactory.

Crop Reports by States.

Illinois—Droughty conditions continue over much of State, but rains at end of previous week caused much improvement where they occurred; corn greatly improved in northern part of State, but deteriorated in parts of central and southern districts; oats good in north, but light in south; pastures and meadows poor, but improved in northern portion; potatoes and gardens poor; fruit outlook discouraging; apples on sprayed trees fair.

Indiana—Dry; insufficient, badly distributed rainfall; crops materially improved where rain fell; corn still promising in a few favored districts of northern portion, elsewhere upland and early planted crops almost beyond recovery, but with immediate rains about average lowland and late-planted crops can be saved; tobacco needs rain badly; potatoes very poor; gardens almost valueless; apples failing; much fruit drying on trees; threshing continues, fairly good oat and wheat yields; light clover-seed crop.

Ohio—Only light showers in most districts and drought growing worse; corn much affected in northeast third of State; some fields in southwest part helped, others cannot make half crop; chinch bugs still causing injury; oat yield disappointing; pastures and gardens poor; potatoes seriously affected and crop light; tobacco making fair progress; topping begun; most fruits unfavorably affected; fall plowing begun.

Michigan—Weather generally favorable for crop growth, but has slightly delayed field work; corn and sugar beets in fine condition; pastures, meadows and late potatoes much improved; beans and buckwheat doing well; fair crop of peaches nearly ripe; apples continue to drop badly; oat harvest nearing completion, with rather light yield.

Wisconsin—Week generally cool, with scattered showers early part; corn in southern section badly damaged by heat and drought, but on low, rich soil will make fine crop; in other sections crop in excellent condition; oats and barley mostly in stack; some threshing done; fair to good yields; tobacco injured by heat and drought, but improving.

Iowa—Crops materially benefited by recent rains and cooler weather; extent of irreparable damage to corn cannot yet be estimated, late-planted fields making better showing of ears and healthy tassels, with promises of considerable sound grain under favorable conditions; balance of season; threshing returns continue to show fair yield of oats and wheat; reports to horticultural society indicate about third of crop of apples.

South Dakota—Hot wind Thursday diminished corn prospects; otherwise fairly distributed rains, with moderate temperatures, refreshed corn and benefited flax, millet and grass; much corn eared scantily and is filling deficiently; with favorable weather half crop probable. Harvest of small grain nearly completed, except in north portion, where wind and hail damaged some unharvested; threshing begun, haying active; flax and potatoes poor.

Nebraska—Threshing and haying have progressed nicely; little change in condition of corn, except slight improvement in northern and extreme eastern counties, caused by lower temperature and showers; pastures very brown and dry; peaches improved by rains; fall plowing commenced.

Missouri—Week somewhat cooler, with good local showers except in portions of southern section; where rain fell late corn is much improved, grasses revived, water more plentiful, forage crops being sown, and plowing for wheat commenced; elsewhere corn continues to deteriorate; cotton improved in some localities, in others firing and shedding; apples and peaches improving in some districts.

Patronize those who advertise.

The History of Spotless Town.

When early in March, 1900, the public was, by means of the car cards designed by Mr. J. K. Fraser, of Ward & Gow's art department, introduced to Spotless Town and its inhabitants, a new chapter had been added to the history of advertising.

The series "took" at once; never since the day of "Punch in the presence of the Passengaire" did a jingle so take possession of the public. Dignified men in elevated cars craned their necks to see if there was not another Spotless Town card in sight, while more enterprising people journeyed through the entire train for the same purpose. Children and sedate matrons read the verses to each other, till, from the haughty Mayor down to the modest cook the newly created citizens became the friends of the public. As it is usual in giving the history of a town to publish the portraits of those people who have done most to make the place *prosperous or famous*, we reproduce here pictures of the men and women who have been most prominently connected with the growth of Spotless Town, made directly from the water-color paintings in the Hall of Fame.



This is the Mayor of Spotless Town,
The brightest man for miles around.
The shining light of wisdom can
Reflect from such a polished man,
And so he says to high and low:
"The brightest use SAPOLIO."

This is the Butcher of Spotless Town,
His tools are as bright as his renown.
To leave them stained were indiscreet,
For folks would then abstain from meat,
And so he brightens his trade, you know,
By polishing with SAPOLIO.



This is the Maid of fair renown
Who scrubs the floors of Spotless Town,
To find a speck when she is through
Would take a pair of specs or two.
And her employment isn't slow,
For she employs SAPOLIO.

This brilliant man walks up and down
Upon the streets of Spotless Town.
The glitter of his shining star
Arrests attention from afar.
It lights the beat and goes to show
That naught can beat SAPOLIO.



The Cook of Spotless Town, you see,
Who takes the cake as you'll agree.
She holds it in her fingers now.
It isn't light—but anyhow
'Twill lighten *her domestic woe*—
A cake of plain SAPOLIO.

This lean M. D. is Doctor Brown,
Who fares but ill in Spotless Town.
The town is so confounded clean
It is no wonder he is lean.
He's lost all patients now, you know,
Because they use SAPOLIO.

A strong interest soon sprang up as to the location and environment of Spotless Town, in response to which an excellent map was published, and the territory was named Shining State. Spotless Town, in Sparkling County, was designated as the capital.

This municipality was in the middle of a section of country possessed of great natural advantages in the way of water courses, hills and plains. It had, however, one disadvantage, that of proximity to a most unsalubrious and offensive region, the very name of which, "Filthy State," perfectly described its character. It was, nevertheless, but a short time before the contrast with this unpromising section became beneficial to the citizens of Spotless Town. Lots were bought and houses built by persons who were glad of the opportunity to escape from such places as Grimeville, Dingy Village, and that branch of Muddy River known as Rusty Fork.

It must be understood that there are many things about a residence in this town that appeal to the thrifty; for instance,

They need no lamps in Spotless Town,
Because the town is always bright.
For when the sun is shining down,
The pots and pans shed forth their light.
You ask the girls what makes them so,
They'll answer quick, SAPOLIO.

Spotless Town has a well-attended church. It has a club which announces the election of William McKinley as an honorary member. That it has a Town Council where the executive action is repeatedly used to promote cleanliness and suppress bad morals.

Lawbreakers are almost unknown among the residents. Even the people who are not professedly godly are very clean. Storekeepers are happy because they have no bad debts, and their customers enjoy life because they have no fear of substitution, and a toddling child can do the family marketing as well as her mother.

WILL CONTEST LAND ENTRY.

Business Men of Lawton Urge Claim of Wichita Girl.

John I. Calvert of Guthrie, Ok., one of the oldest established attorneys in the territory, filed contest papers at the local land office against the entry made by James R. Woods, the winner of the first number in the Lawton district land lottery. According to the government plan, two claims were made to adjoin the southern part of the Lawton townsite. This was considered the most valuable land in the whole country thrown open to settlement, and in filing Woods claimed 160 acres running the entire length


MISS MATTIE BEALS.

of the townsite. This shut out Miss Mattie Beals, the Wichita, Kan., telephone girl, who won No. 2 in the lottery and who was thus compelled to file on a claim of much less value. Five hundred Lawton business men signed the contest papers, which recite that Woods violated both the spirit and letter of the homestead act.

HOTTEST OF MONTHS.

July Has Been a Record Breaker in the Country's History.

July has passed into history as a breaker of records in the matter of temperatures. Not only did the thermometer in most parts of the country go higher than ever before, but the heat continued longer and new marks for average temperatures of the month were set.

Twice during the month was the record for the highest temperature in Chicago broken. On July 10 the thermometer made a new mark of 102 degrees. This point, which surpassed the records of all previous years as far as the weather bureau knows, was not able to keep the pace of twentieth century weather, and on July 21 the mercury went one degree higher.

The following table shows the daily maximums for the month at ten of the principal cities of the United States:

	Chicago	New York	New Orleans	San Francisco	Philadelphia	Boston	St. Louis	Kansas City	Cincinnati	St. Paul
1	92	88	90	56	102	92	100	100	96	82
2	85	98	92	60	102	94	96	100	92	84
3	84	94	..	64	98	96	98	102	92	92
4	95	80	84	..	92	..	98	104	92	92
5	91	90	88	74	90	70	100	90	92	78
6	80	82	..	58	94	90	90	98	88	78
7	96	84	84	..	88	74	94	94	80	74
8	90	78	90	60	78	84	86	98	78	78
9	87	80	88	66	82	84	92	104	82	90
10	102	80	90	..	80	82	104	100	92	84
11	71	84	94	62	90	80	104	102	100	84
12	75	72	100	66	72	72	102	104	88	88
13	74	70	..	..	70	74	90	98	88	98
14	79	82	96	..	82	90	90	102	90	98
15	84	80	94	..	88	90	98	102	90	94
16	92	80	88	60	88	94	90	100	96	92
17	92	84	88	60	90	84	100	100	96	92
18	75	88	92	70	90	90	98	100	90	90
19	78	88	84	68	80	78	98	100	90	94
20	97	80	..	56	88	82	100	104	94	102
21	103	92	90	..	90	90	106	104	100	96
22	87	90	92	66	88	94	100	106	100	94
23	83	90	88	56	90	80	106	102	94	100
24	94	90	86	60	92	90	108	106	100	104
25	87	74	..	60	82	60	98	100	94	84
26	84	70	90	62	66	68	98	90	98	74
27	95	80	..	58	80	76	98	92	100	88
28	90	78	90	..	84	72	98	84	..	84
29	87	92	90	..	96	66	90	86	98	82
30	85	92	92	66	90	80	92	90	92	80
31	80	80	92	74	84	88	92	90	88	80

KRUGER LOSING HIS MIND.

Condition of Former South African President Causes Alarm.

Former President Kruger's mind is failing, and, according to London advices, those who have recently seen the President of the Transvaal are of the belief that his complete breaking up is not


OOM PAUL KRUGER.

improbable. At Rotterdam his mental condition is arousing serious apprehension and everything is done to conserve a restful state of mind, though those who surround him know that it is a well-nigh impossible task. So acute has become his condition that a specialist in nervous diseases has been summoned by telegraph from Berlin.

Oom Paul, who bore up under the reverses of the war, and who even when compelled to leave the capital of his beloved land displayed magnificent stoicism, received the hardest blow in the death of Mrs. Kruger. It struck the "Old African Lion" in a vital spot. Separated from her by leagues of sea, and with no intimation of her condition, the news came to him with the sudden deadliness of a bullet. It struck the old man's heart. He suffered it with the Christian spirit that marks the Boers under all trying circumstances.

Limitations.

Once upon a time the Fates endowed a certain people with a sense of humor.

Eventually the people became aware of this, and their mortification thereupon was very great.

"For how," exclaimed they, "are we ever to become a world power now?"

Of course, patriotism might still be taught in the schools.—Detroit Journal.

Could Protect His Rights.

Uncle Hiram—I tell you what, that young Jerkins that's sparkin' our Mandy knows how to look out for number one.

Aunt Malaprop—Yes, he's no eyesore runnin' aroun' selling his birthright for a mess of pottage.

Music in Punkville.

"Did yer hear my daughter render that solo last night?"

"Yes."

"What did yer think?"

"Thought she'd do a sight better renderin' lard."

For Women's Troubles, Too.

New Baden, Ill., Aug. 12.—Mrs. Anton Griesbaum, Jr., has been very ill. Female weakness had run her down so low that she could not do her housework. She had tried many things, but got no relief.

Dodd's Kidney Pills, a new remedy, which is better known here as a cure for Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy and Rheumatism, worked like a charm in Mrs. Griesbaum's case. She used three boxes and is now a new woman, able to do her work as well as ever she was. Her general health is much improved, and she has not a single symptom of Female Trouble left.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are making a wonderful reputation for themselves in this part of the State.

The greatest bay on the face of the earth is that of Bengal. Measured in a straight line from the two inclosing peninsulas, its extent is about 420,000 square miles, or nearly double that of Texas.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

An English painter averages about $8 a week.

Have you seen Mrs. Austin's new dress?

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT

Tooth Powder

in a handy Patent Box (new)
SOZODONT LIQUID - - 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER, 75c
25c
At all Stores, or by Mail for the price.
HALL & RUCKEL, NEW YORK

20,000 HARVEST HANDS

Required to Harvest the Grain Crop of

Western Canada!

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The most abundant yield on the Continent. Reports are that the average yield of No. 1 Hard Wheat in Western Canada will be over thirty bushels to the acre. The prices for farm help will be excellent. There are splendid Ranching Lands adjoing the wheat belt.

Excursions will be run from all points in the United States to the Free Grant Lands. Secure a home at once; and, if you wish to purchase at prevailing prices, and secure the advantage of the low rates, apply for literature, rates, etc., etc., to F. Pedley, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. Broughton, 1223 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago, Agent for the Government of Canada.

When visiting Buffalo, do not fail to see the Canadian Exhibit at the Pan-American.

WET WEATHER WISDOM!



THE ORIGINAL TOWER'S FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING BLACK OR YELLOW

WILL KEEP YOU DRY NOTHING ELSE WILL

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

CATALOGUES FREE

SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS. 50

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED! Lady Agents, to sell the 20th Century Hat Pins; every lady wants a pair. 200 per cent profit. Sample 6 and terms 15c. Address G. L. HOSKINS, 240 So. Broadway, Denver, Colorado.

Agents Wanted—A hustler in every county to sell our "Buggy Tops," Cushions and Backs. Utility Mfg. Co., Goshen, Indiana (Elkhart county).

LADIES WANTED to sell Hopkins 25c Kid Bleaching Gloves. Black, white, tan, chocolate; A. HOPKINS GLOVE CO., 18 Telegraph Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED During Vacation—School Girls, for work at home; Russell & Co., Box 79, Philadelphia, Pa.

REAL ESTATE.

Minnesota Lands

Rich, black prairie at from $15 to $25 per acre. Rich oak and maple timber land at from $6 to $20 per acre—according to improvements. Crops in Minnesota are sure. Have had as hot and dry weather here as anywhere, yet have big crop. Land equal to any in Illinois or Iowa for $[illegible] per acre. Write for list, stating size of farm wanted. JAMES T. MANNING, 146 Endicott Building, St. Paul, Minn.

FREE LOTS To advertise our beautiful summer resort, we offer Free every other lot; one lot to each applicant. First applicants will receive lake front lots. On Higgins and Houghton Lakes, Roscommon county, Michigan; cold flowing springs, elegant fishing; small game abundant; 60 cottages built. Will make finest resort in the world. Send $1 for expense of deed and acknowledgment, with your full name and address. Michigan Central Park Co., 4th floor 115 Dearborn-st. Chicago

FARM For Sale—Fine farm in Blue Earth county, Minnesota, 3½ miles from Lake Crystal; 150 acres, good buildings, cellar, well, orchard; will sell on long time; easy terms. Address Thomas Bensen, 3034 Cedar-av., Minneapolis, Minn.

RED RIVER VALLEY farm for sale in Richland Co., N. Dak.; 320 acres, 40 under cultivation, balance meadow and pasture; good buildings, surrounded by grove trees; plenty good water; two good markets; only $15 acre; ¼ cash, bal. easy terms. Particulars, H. GRANDAHL, Colfax, N. Dak.

RARE BARGAIN $1,000.00 acres fronting on beautiful Michigan lake; house, barn, fine orchard, boating, fishing. Excursion rates. GILBERT, 150 Washington street, Chicago, Ill.

$18.00 Buys 5¼ Acres—$35.00 Buys 5 Acres. Almost given away to close estate. Adjacent summer resort. Big prices for all produce. Boating, bathing and fishing. Installments, 50 cts. weekly. Address APPLEBY, 10 Wall street, New York.

FOR EXCHANGE—Good farm lands in South Dakota for livery stock, merchandise, hotel, city or farm property. R. H. HOLCOMB, Aurora, Illinois.

MINERAL LANDS—For sale, Mineral Lands in North Arkansas; send for list and prices to J. D. SIMS, Hotel Barnum, St. Louis, Agts. wanted.

FOR SALE 140-acre farm near Plymouth, Indiana. New house, bank barn, $45 acre; a bargain. J. R. Patterson, care J. V. Farwell Co., Chicago

FOR SALE Iowa Farms, Minnesota Farms, Dakota Farms, fine Cattle Ranches, from 1 section up. Write GEO. WADSWORTH, Iowa Falls, Iowa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCALE AUCTION

BIDS BY MAIL—YOUR OWN PRICE. Jones, Me. Pays the Freight, Binghamton, N. Y.

COUNTRY Home Nurse, having lovely home on farm, will give the best of care and board to feeble-minded and mildly insane adult or children. Terms, comfortable home, with lawn and shade. Reference BOX 122, Grays Lake, Lake county, Ill.

IF YOU have weak lungs, shortness of breath, catarrh or asthma, write at once to DR. M. LAMICK, CINCINNATI, O., for a copy of his Book on the Treatment of Diseases of the Lungs by Inhalation. Do not delay; write to-day.

PERSONAL Introductory Offer, 1 month only. Excellent 8 beautiful song: "My Heart Is a Rose," mailed for 9 two-cent stamps. Address Florence Music Co., 9034 Rhodes Ave., Chicago, Ill.

LEARN OSTEOPATHY Send 15c for book containing thorough instructions, teaches how disease is cured; natural to every one; cost $100 to $500 at regular schools. MINNESOTA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE, 620 1st Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

100 CANDLE POWER VAPOR GAS LAMP—Burns 8 hour for one cent. Elegant in appearance. Absolutely safe. Sent express paid for $2.95. White Light Gas Lamp Co., Marine Building, Chicago.

TRUE HAIR GROWER. Eradicates dandruff, eyebrows and eyelashes. Beautifies; restores; removes tan, pimples, etc. DAVIES, 190 Madison Ave., Detroit, Mich.

HOW To make Complexion Beautiful. Recipe sent postpaid for 25c. The [illegible] Co., 2543 Gillham road, Kansas City, Mo.

UNCLE SAM wants to send you and Treasury of Really Reference; over 1,000,000 facts; 5c postpaid. G. WILLIAMS, Box 39, Excelsior Springs, Mo.

TENTS AND AWNINGS BENTLEY & GERWIG LIMITED, 68 Washington Street, Chicago.

LADIES' Fancy Garters, beautiful color, embossed buckles, satin ribbon bows, pair, 25c. Pan-American Supply Co., 233 Clinton av., Chicago.

WANTED To organize class in Hypnotism; course free to person securing class of 5. Particulars on request. Earle Shular, Hypnotist, Crawfordsville, Ind.

HOW TO CURE PIMPLES! and Eruptions. Recipe sent to any address for 25 cents. C. H. CONNICK & Co., 238 S. Turner Av., Chicago.

GLOVE BUTTONER Sterling silver, embossed pattern. Sent postpaid for 25c. J. CLARKSON & Co., 212 Northwestern Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

PAIR LACE CURTAINS FREE to introduce our Cream Complexion Toilet Soap—12 cakes $1. E. K. Rond Co., Green & 63d Sts., Chicago.

LADIES' Gold Filled Neck Chain, with Pendant; warranted for 10 years, sent postpaid for $1.00. Ogden Novelty Co., 197 East 57th Street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES and Gents' Sateen Windsor Ties—something new and exquisite—3 postpaid for 25 cents. Address New Century Specialty Co., Montague, Mich.

HOW to make whitewash that will not rub off. Recipe sent postpaid to any address for 25 cents. Address Hendrie & Co., Racine, Wisconsin.

HOW TO GET RID OF Cockroaches, Bedbugs, Moths, etc. Recipe sent postpaid for 25 cents. Southern Supply Co., Springfield, Missouri.

COMPLETE works of Shakespeare in 8 volumes, bound in best English cloth, $1.00; a great bargain. Francis A. Knapp, Co., Oconto, Wis.

MAKE MONEY at home. Silver-Plating Recipe—how to make solution—postpaid 25 cts. E. H. Walsh Co., 606 City Bourn St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Eagle Fountain Pen (retails $1.50) sent postpaid on receipt of 25 CENTS. Address City Investment Co., Lock Box 5, Shanesville, Ohio.

How to Make 8 POUNDS of Butter from 1 gallon of milk. Recipe, postpaid, 50 cts. Address City Investment Co., Lock Box 5, Shanesville, Ohio.

BREEDER Belgian Hares, $2 to $5 pair. McDANIEL, 1518 North Ridgeway Av., Chicago, Ill.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE 50-room, brick Hotel, fronting on Washington Park, 2 blocks from the Chicago University; cable cars pass the door; paying handsomely, and in 10 of guests has cleared $100 per week for the past two years. Owner will take out of town clear property and mortgage back on hotel. Good reasons for selling. Value $20,000; will take less to the right party. A. L. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn, St. Chicago.

CACTUS OIL CO. San Diego County, Calif., owns 640 thousand acres. No royalty paid. Shares par value One Dollar. Selling for a limited time at 5 cents per share. If you wish to get returns for your money, investigate at once. CACTUS OIL CO., Room 60, 90 Washington Street, Chicago.

$100 WILL BUY $2,000 of non-assessable stock if taken at once in most profitable mining enterprise ever offered. Expert reports 10,000 tons of metal in tree; write at once for details. W. G. FARIAN, 122 La Salle St., Chicago.

TO PERSONS seeking a safe investment for their savings the Kretol Chemical Co. of Washington, D. C. offers limited amt. stock now paying 10% yearly dividends, guaranteed and speculators wanted. For particulars, address Room 305, Journal Bldg., Chicago.

Rich Returns are made from small investments in copper stocks in New Encampment, Wyo., district. Our property contains 6 claims of very rich ore. A little money for development will bring you richer returns than any oil well. Write F. E. BROWN, N. Y. Life Bldg., Omaha, Nebraska.

$1,200 Buys business contracting for delivering mineral water; 4 horses, 4 wagons, buggy, etc. Net profits $150 month. Established 7 years. Investigate. R. PRIEST, 91 Seminary ave., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE 6-cart milk route, 18 Winthrop Place, near Loomis and Polk sts., Chicago, Ill.

CHEW Wetmore's Best



Your Money Back if you don't like Wetmore's Best

The first and only chewing tobacco to be guaranteed.

No Premiums.

If your dealer has not Wetmore's Best, send us 50 cents for a pound plug.

Remember the Umbrella Brand.

M. C. WETMORE TOBACCO CO. St. Louis, Mo.

The largest independent factory in America.

PENSIONS on age, disability and Widowhood. P. L. or any U. S. Service. LAWS FREE. A. W. McCormick & Sons, Cincinnati, O. 1 Wash. D. C.

MOPEDALE COLLEGE, Mopedale, Ohio; $100 per year; we plan to earn it; railroad fare free; see catalogue.

SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. at Antioch
8:25 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:48 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:18 PM
4:00 PM	No. 13, Daily	6:30 PM
8:30 AM	Sunday Special	10:40 AM
5:00 PM	Daily Except Sunday	6:41 PM
6:15 P. M.	Saturday only	8:00 P. M

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
6:50 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:00 AM
11:17 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:10 PM
4:20 PM	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:25 PM
9:10 PM	No. 2, Daily	10:55 PM
6:35 PM	Sunday Special	9:00 PM
8:46 PM	Sunday Special	10:45 PM
7:02 AM	Daily Except Sunday	8:50 AM

W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

J. C. JAMES, Jr., V. C.,
C. M. CONFER Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

ANTIOCH LOCALS.

Items of Local Importance Collected, Contributed and Stolen.

Mrs. Dr. Karr visited in Waukegan during the past week.

Flannigan's billy goats visited Antioch Wednesday afternoon.

Gunther's Candies, new and fresh at the Emmons Drug Store.

Isaac Knight, of Kenosha, spent Sunday at the Simons house.

Williams Bros. are having a new wagon scale put in, in the alley.

Norman Mattox, of Irving Park visited Antioch relatives over Sunday.

Hugh Brogan drew home a Bain wagon from Tiffany & Bock's Tuesday.

Grandma Mattox, of Irving Park, is visiting friends at Antioch and Fox Lake.

Miss Maude Look, of Waukegan, is spending the week with Antioch friends.

J. Dewar, of Evanston, and Mr. Gilson visited the former's father at W. C. Scherf's.

Dr. Hernsheim and family, of Kenosh, will spend a week at Cross Lake, on Crowley's place.

Charles Holmes, of Huntley, Ill., spent Sunday and Monday visiting Antioch friends.

Mrs. James Bonner and daughter Mabel spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Hughes.

Quite a number from here took in the excursion to Milwaukee, Sunday, and all report a good time.

Mrs. J. Bell and daughter, Florence, of Chicago, expect to start for New York the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Vandermuellen, of Waukegan, visited Monday and Tuesday with N. S. Burnett and family.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Blair, of Boscobell, Wis., are visiting their mother, Mrs. M. A. Pratt, near Channel Lake.

Miss Pauline Fisher, of Chicago, who has been visiting here for the past three weeks, returned home today.

A great improvement is being made on the west end of the bridge. A sidewalk is being put in and the street widened.

A party of ten from Antioch spent Sunday at Grass and Fox Lakes taking in the Lotus beds and having a good time in general.

The Sibley gang of carpenters have completed the new school house at Spring Grove and the building is now in the hands of the plasterers.

The Barker Lumber Co. are doing a rushing business pressing hay and straw, running two presses and paying the highest cash price for hay.

The M. E. Sunday school will hold its annual picnic Wednesday, August 21st, at the Sylvan woods. All friends of the church and school are invited.

Chas. Barber was a Chicago visitor Tuesday, where he completed a course in optical work, and is now prepared to thoroughly test and fit glasses to all effected with bad sight.

James Rea, L. L. B., of St. Paul Minn., is visiting at A. J. Booth's.

Mrs. Cora McDonald, of Milwaukee, is enjoying a visit with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Teshoultz, of Grayslake, was the guest of Mrs. Hoyserodt and Mrs. Farrier, Monday.

Smokers Attention. Try the genuine Portuondo Cigars. At the Emmons Drug Store. 49w2

Messrs. Gaggin & Strang will ship stock Monday, paying five and one-half cents for hogs.

The new church has been fitted out with a complete Ascetylene Gas Plant, by a Chicago firm, this week.

Bricklayers started work, laying brick, on the new church Monday and we expect to see it rushed right along.

The Twentieth Century Club at Ayling's cottages are proving this week that aerial navigation is surely a possibility.

Bert Bown, who has been with Williams Brothers for about a year past, has accepted a position at Chicago as a butcher—his trade. Bert left today.

A real good old fashioned country dance was given at E. Wilton's new house on south Main street, last Friday night. A good time was enjoyed by all.

For Sale: The north 76 acres of the Trude farm, at Hasting's lake Improvements good, title perfect, terms fair. Apply to M. S. Miller, Lake Villa, Ill. 50w2

Mrs. T. P. Waskey, nee Nellie Hosley, of Pittsburg, Kansas, spent the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Hoyserodt, and called on many old time friends.

The Misses May and Lela Horton of Pikeville, Wis., are spending their vacation with their uncle and aunt. Mr. and Mrs. Lafe Bell, at Grand Crossing, Illinois.

The Cantata of the Haymakers will be given at the Congregational church, Millburn, Tuesday, Aug. 20. Fine singing and good music. Admission 25c. Children, 15c.

Major McClure and a party of ladies and gentlemen from Camp Lake Hotel passed through town Tuesday on their way out to Channel Lake, to call on friends there.

The many friends of Mrs. L. M. Hughes will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly improving from her long siege of sickness. All join in wishing for her a complete restoration

The hottest day during July was the 10th, when the maximum was 104 the coolest day was the 8th, the minimum being 45. Total rain-fall for July, 2 85-100 inches. Average temperature being 77 degrees.

The Antioch Hillside Cemetery Society will meet with Mrs. Hoyserodt and Farrier, Wednesday afternoon Aug. 21st, 1901. All are cordially invited to attend. Visitors always welcome. Mrs. D. Ferris, Sec.

Dr. A. V. Park, who had a cottage and was practicing medicine at Bluff Lake, was taken ill and went to his home in Chicago, Monday, where he died at 8 o'clock, Wednesday morning. He had been in poor health for about two years past.

Herb Pierce returned on Saturday from the Buffalo exposition and Niagara falls, where he has been "reducing his roll" for a week. He says it is conducive to a finer appreciation of mother's table, to live on coffee and sandwiches at forty cents each for a while.

Jim Kaye took the prize over all starters casting for bass at Rock Lake Thursday last, catching a fine string weighing twenty-two and a half lbs., the largest one weighing four and three quarters, all were caught before the morning train came in. Frank did nothing else but exhibit the trophies from the ice box to large parties, cliques, gangs and crowds, for on closing time that night.

SIX STUDENTS of the... COLLEGE OF COMMERCE are employed in the office of the Simmons Manufacturing Company, Kenosha.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

New Goods Constantly Arriving!

All the novelties in Dress Goods.

We are showing a large and beautiful line of DRESS SILKS

Closing out Summer Goods. Big Remnant Sale.

New Styles in Men's Shirt Waists. The Latest Thing Out

Ginghams in the new Watermellon Stripe
New Tapestry Drapery goods.
Leace Curtains in new patterns, $1.25 pair
Muslins in Dots and Stripes for sash curtains.
Agency for Butterick's Patterns.

MISS HATTIE AMES will continue the agency of Chas. A. Stevens & Bros. Made-to-order Goods showing a splendid line of Summer Wraps, Jackets, Coats and Dresses in sample patterns.

We are continuing the Great Reduction sale of **Shoes and Rubbers** Most of these goods are from the celebrated factory of Selz, Schwab & Co., the largest shoe manufacturers in the world. Many have profited by purchasing at the reduction sale. We have just opened new spring styles of Ladies' Fine Shoes which are among the most beautiful specimens of foot wear ever displayed here. Now is the time to buy if you want the latest up-to-date productions at medium prices, while goods in little older style are selling below cost

The famous Black Cat Brand of **Hosiery** in both wool and cotton goods, covering all ranges of sizes from infants to the full size.

Stockings Leather Brand of Stockings for Boys, especially recommended to wear like leather.

Many Bargains in Groceries

A SHORT STOP at our Grocery Counter will convince you it does not cost much to LIVE WELL and get the best groceries in the land. We handle groceries on the principle that something good is worth having, while, if you have got to eat it, poor goods are dear at any price, and although bought cheap in price yet your money is in reality thrown away—actually wasted.

California Evaporated Apricots.....10c
California Evaporated Peaches.....10c
are great bargains and are very palatable

We think this part of the world would be benefitted by a larger consumption of Rice. Rice is the staple food of half the world. We sell it at 5 and 10 cents.

Our line of Canned Goods covers almost the entire range of Fruits, Vegetables, Fish and Meats. Many are under the Monarch Brand.

A full line of Garden Seeds by D. M. Ferry & Co., either by bulk or package.

Onion Sets, ready sprouted, only 5c quart

A most complete line of Bremner's Cakes and Cookies.

A complete line of fine Candies.

FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.

ALWAYS BEST. **WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" MINNESOTA FLOUR** ALWAYS CHEAPEST

Agency for the
American Steel and Wire Fencing
Union Wire Fencing.

Quick Meal Gasoline and Blue Flame Oil Stove.

We have some great bargins in Cook Stoves —actually less than wholesale cost.

The late advance of 20 per cent on stamped Ware found us with stock. We shall continue to sell at old prices.

Garden, Field and Farm Tools.

Chicago White Lead and Oil Co.'s Prepared paint.

Devoe's Prepared Carriage and Floor Paint

Murelo is the perfect dressing for your wall It won't crack or scale off.

Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty.

Iron and Lead Pipe and Fittings.

We make the closest prices on building jobs

Clothing Bargains a Big Point

New stock of up-to-date

Gent's Shirts,
Underwear, Sweaters,
Gent's Furnishings.
Spring stock Hats and Caps

The Best Equipped Tin Shop in Lake County.

A Great Bargain!
A 7-piece se Decorated Chamber Crockery only..... $2.00

A large stock of Window Shades and Curtains and are making the usual popular low prices.

Fishing Tackle,

Oars and Oar Locks.

Hunting Coats and Caps.

Bicycle repairs, Pumps and Sundries.

Buy crushed Oyster Shells, at $1.00 per 100 pounds. Makes hens lay.

Use Lee's Lice Killer. Kills mites.

Headquarters for Poultry Supplies.

Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs We have a big outlet for eggs at the highest prices.

Fine box stationary including mourning goods. At the Emmons Drug Store.

Prohibition picnic at Wick's Grove, Grayslake, Thursday, Aug. 22, 1901. Everybody invited.

Spectacles and eye glasses from 25c up. Also smoked and colored lens At the Emmons Drug Store.

Mrs. Delia Howe and family were the guests of her father and sister, Egbert and Carrie Hiserodt, Tuesday.

Wanted: Good farms in Kenosha Co., Wis., and Lake Co., Ill., to sell or exchange. H. E. Rollins,
50tf Ravenswood, Ill.

For Sale: An improved farm of 120 acres. Good buildings. For particulars address: Andrew Strahan, Hickory, Ill. 45w7*

A. Chinn has gone to northern Wisconsin in the interest of the Mystic Workers of the World and will probably remain for some time.

Tuesday morning our fleshy barber arose bright and early and before leaving for Cross Lake made chalk marks on the steps in front of the shop which read: Here goes for two six pound bass. On his arrival home he erased the chalk marks and said nothing about the fish—they probably weighed too much.

Village board met Thursday evening, of last week, and the following business was transacted: Frank Hooper was appointed night watch. Bills to the amount of $75.47 ordered paid. Village treasurer reported $930 on hand. A new side walk ordinance and an ordinance governing special elections will be passed soon.

The many friends of G. C. Shugart will be sorry to learn that his health is so p[illegible] but he is no longer able to walk[illegible] has been ailing with con[illegible] some years b[illegible] it has con[illegible] to work in the depot at Hamilton, Wis., until he had to give up. He has bravely battled with the dreaded disease until it has brought him to where there is no hope for his recovery. Mr. Shugart resided in Antioch some ten years ago, and will be remembered by many.

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington County, Ark., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysentery) and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it affected, that he wrote the manufacturer a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides at Lockland, Ark. This remedy is for sale by W. H Emmons, Antioch; Grayslake Pharmacy.

To Rent; four-room cottage on Depot Ave., at $4 per month, ½ acre lot. Enquire of J. C. James, Sr. 37tf

If James White, Bryantsville, Ind., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve healed running sores on both legs. He had suffered 6 years. Doctors failed to help him. Get DeWitt's. Accept no imitations. Sold by W. T. Hill.

Teacher's Examination.

Candidates for teachers' certificates and members of the Reading Circle are hereby notified that examinations will be held at Libertyville, Tuesday, August 20th, and at Waukegan; Friday and Saturday, August 23rd and 24th. M. W. Marvin, County Superintendent of Schools.

Daily Excursions via Nickle Plate Road

From Chicago to Buffalo and New York. Special low rates and favorable limits to all points east. Call on or address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams Street, Chicago.

Bazar and Entertainment.

At the Fox Lake Yacht Club House a bazar and entertainment will be held on Friday evening, August 16, for the benefit of the First Congregational church of Fox Lake. A sale of fancy articles will be one of the features of the evening and a very interesting and entertaining program will follow. Any donation will be thankfully receeived and preciated.

Lawn Social.

There will be an Ice Cream Social under the auspices of the Fox Lake Cemetery Association, at Fox Lake on the lawn of Sid Carfield Friday evening, Aug. 23.

Ice cream and cake will be served for 15 cents.

The ladies will also have for sale useful articles consisting of aprons, dusting caps, etc. Everybody come.

Bids for Janitorship.

Antioch, Ill., Aug. 12, 1901.

From now until August 24th sealed bids will be received for janitorship in District No. 3, from September 1, 1901, to June 1, 1902. The work includes taking care of the grounds and all necessary work. Bids to be opened August 24th. Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids, to be deposited with clerk of said District.

WALTER T. TAYLOR, Clerk.

Concert.

The singers of Millburn, assisted by prominent singers of adjoining towns will render the Cantata of the Haymakers in costume, Thursday evening, August 20, at the Millburn Congregational church. The chorus will consist of about forty voices. Solos will be rendered by Mrs. Jamison, Misses Thain, Dodge, Jamison, Bater, Trotter, Spafford, Mrs. Starkweather, Mrs. Strang, Messrs. Bain, Dalzel, Spafford, Dodge, Barstow, Dr. Brown, of Belvidere, and others. This is a first-class secular cantata and the music finely adapted to the words. All should hear it. Admission 25c, children 15c.

L. B. STARKWE[illegible] Director.

Don't be satisfied with temporary relief from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure permanently and completely removes this complaint. It removes permanently because it allows the tired stomach perfect rest. Dieting won't rest the stomach. Nature receives supplies from the food we eat. The sensible way to help the stomach is to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which digests what you eat and can't help but do you good. W. T. Hill.

The Collarless Gown.

The collarless gown brings the pearl necklace into vogue to such an extent that the supply of real pearls cannot meet the demand. But it is the price and not the small supply which is the usual obstacle to obtaining such a necklace. So the imitation pearls have come into the breach in greater perfection and beauty than ever before.

Low Rates to Buffalo Pan-American.

The Nickel Plate Road are selling tickets at exceptionally low rates to Buffalo and return, good for 10, 15 and 30 days. For particulars and Pan-American folder of buildings and grounds, write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. 'Phone Central 2057. City Ticket Office 111 Adams St. 49w4

To Save Her Child.

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nannie Galleger, of LaGrange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes, its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in Sores, Bruises, Skin Eruptions, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, and Piles. Price 25c. Cure guaranteed by W. T. Hill.

Northern Wisconsin Railroad Lands

are increasing in value from year to year. Railroads are the great civilizers, for they give the settler as well as the manufacturer equal opportunity to work in undeveloped fields, thereby rapidly settling the country and brings forth its undiscovered riches. Northern Wisconsin is rich in iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl, timber and fine farm lands. It has made many a settler independent and added to the wealth of manufacturers who have sought this territory. Opportunities have not passed, as there is still a generous supply of land which can be obtained at low figures and on easy terms.

Why Don't You Eat?

"No appetite," you say. "Stomach feels bad." Well, take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and you can eat anything. At W. T. Hill's.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

was one of the first roads to penetrate the vast Northern Wisconsin Wilderness which stretches across the state from east to west. It, also, has developed from year to year and today offers the best of transportion facilities, enabling all to ship the products of that section to any market in the world. Illustrated pamphlets can be obtained by addressing W. H. Killen, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Burton Johnson, General Freight Agent or James C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Colby & Abbot Bldg, Milwaukee, Wis.

Mrs. S. H. Allport, Johnstown, Pa, says: "Our little girl almost strangled to death with croup. The doctors said she couldn't live but she was instantly relieved by One Minute Cough Cure. W. T. Hill.

November 6th, 1899.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO.

Dear Sirs:—I feel it my duty to write to you and let you know how much good your medicine had done for me. Twenty-three years ago I was taken with some kind of stomach trouble and I tried everything I heard of. They did me but little good. Three years ago neuralgia set in on me and I got so poor and weak that I could hardly walk—couldn't work any. My husband received a book through the mail, advertising your medicine, and he sent our little boy to the drug store to get one of your ten-cent bottles. I began to use it. It is strange to say, but it's the truth, the second dose I took gave me lots of relief. I kept on using it till I used it nearly one year and now I am nearly as strong as I used to be and can do any kind of work. I recommend it to all, for it seems to me it would cure anybody. I have gotten several to use Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and they all say it has done them so much good. God bless Dr. Caldwell and his medicine for doing me so much good.

Yours with respect,
MRS. ISABELL WHELER.

Freetown, Jackson Co., Ind.
Sold by Wm. T. Hill.

Delaware's Capital Grows Slowly.

Dover, the capital of Delaware, can not be correctly described as a thriving town in respect to its growth in population, which is less than that of Duck Creek Hundred in the same county and also less than that of Little Creek Hundred in Sussex county. Dover had by the last census a population of 3,329. The population of Wilmington was 76,508.

Bids

will be received for a remedy that is equal to Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. For particulars ask W. T. Hill.

Indoor Men's Outdoor Habits.

President Barrows of Oberlin believes that the "rage" for athletics will be overruled for good; that we'll form the outdoor habit and be the healthier for it. "If I had the ear of the leading business men of America," he says, "I would whisper in it as the wisest counsel I know to men over 50 years of age, 'Golf first and business afterward.' This means longer lived, more successful, happier and better American citizens."

